GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2017

COMMITTED TO BALRANALD SHIRE, PROVIDING FOR OUR PEOPLE PROTECTING OUR HERITAGE, AND PLANNING FOR OUR FUTURE



General Purpose Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Contents	Page
1. Understanding Council's Financial Statements	2
2. Statement by Councillors and Management	3
3. Primary Financial Statements:	
 Income Statement Statement of Comprehensive Income Statement of Financial Position Statement of Changes in Equity Statement of Cash Flows 	4 5 6 7 8
4. Notes to the Financial Statements	9
5. Independent Auditor's Reports:	
On the Financial Statements (Sect 417 [2])On the Conduct of the Audit (Sect 417 [3])	72 74

Overview

- (i) These financial statements are General Purpose Financial Statements and cover the operations for Balranald Shire Council.
- (ii) Balranald Shire Council is a body politic of NSW, Australia being constituted as a local government area by proclamation and is duly empowered by the *Local Government Act 1993* (LGA).

Council's guiding principles are detailed in Chapter 3 of the LGA and includes:

- principles applying to the exercise of functions generally by council,
- principles to be applied when making decisions,
- · principles of community participation,
- · principles of sound financial management, and
- principles for strategic planning relating to the development of an integrated planning and reporting framework.

A description of the nature of Council's operations and its principal activities are provided in Note 2(b).

- (iii) All figures presented in these financial statements are presented in Australian currency.
- (iv) These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Council on dd/mm/yy. Council has the power to amend and reissue these financial statements.

General Purpose Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Understanding Council's financial statements

Introduction

Each year, individual local governments across New South Wales are required to present a set of audited financial statements to their council and community.

What you will find in the statements

The financial statements set out the financial performance, financial position and cash flows of Council for the financial year ended 30 June 2017.

The format of the financial statements is standard across all NSW Councils and complies with both the accounting and reporting requirements of Australian Accounting Standards and requirements as set down by the Office of Local Government.

About the Councillor/Management Statement

The financial statements must be certified by senior staff as 'presenting fairly' the Council's financial results for the year and are required to be adopted by Council – ensuring both responsibility for and ownership of the financial statements.

About the primary financial statements

The financial statements incorporate five 'primary' financial statements:

1. The Income Statement

Summarises Council's financial performance for the year, listing all income and expenses.

This statement also displays Council's original adopted budget to provide a comparison between what was projected and what actually occurred.

2. The Statement of Comprehensive Income

Primarily records changes in the fair value of Council's Infrastructure, Property, Plant and Equipment.

3. The Statement of Financial Position

A 30 June snapshot of Council's financial position indicating its assets, liabilities and "net wealth".

4. The Statement of Changes in Equity

The overall change for the year (in dollars) of Council's "net wealth".

5. The Statement of Cash Flows

Indicates where Council's cash came from and where it was spent. This statement also displays Council's original adopted budget to provide a comparison between what was projected and what actually occurred.

About the Notes to the Financial Statements

The Notes to the Financial Statements provide greater detail and additional information on the five primary financial statements.

About the Auditor's Reports

Council's annual financial statements are required to be audited by the NSW Audit Office. In NSW the auditor provides 2 audit reports:

- an opinion on whether the financial statements present fairly the Council's financial performance and position, and
- 2. their observations on the conduct of the audit, including commentary on the Council's financial performance and financial position.

Who uses the financial statements?

The financial statements are publicly available documents and must be presented at a Council meeting between seven days and five weeks after the date of the Audit Report.

The public can make submissions to Council up to seven days subsequent to the public presentation of the financial statements.

Council is required to forward an audited set of financial statements to the Office of Local Government.

General Purpose Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Statement by Councillors and Management

made pursuant to Section 413(2)(c) of the Local Government Act 1993 (NSW) (as amended)

The attached General Purpose Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with:

- the Local Government Act 1993 (NSW) (as amended) and the regulations made thereunder,
- the Australian Accounting Standards and professional pronouncements, and
- the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting.

To the best of our knowledge and belief, these financial statements:

- present fairly the Council's operating result and financial position for the year, and
- accord with Council's accounting and other records.

We are not aware of any matter that would render these statements false or misleading in any way.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of Council made on 21 September 2017.

Cr Leigh Byron

Mayor

Aaron Drenovski

General manager

Cr Jeff Manhix Councillor

Charmaine Murfet
Responsible accounting officer

Income Statement

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Budget 1 2017 \$ '000	Notes	Actual 2017	Actual 2016
2017 \$ 000	140163		2010
Income from continuing operations			
Revenue:			
2,185 Rates and annual charges	3a	2,129	2,085
1,470 User charges and fees	3b	1,639	1,873
113 Interest and investment revenue	3c	123	139
1,381 Other revenues	3d	905	325
4,071 Grants and contributions provided for operating	purpose 3e,f	9,483	7,344
2,760 Grants and contributions provided for capital pool. <i>Other income:</i>	urposes 3e,f	762	903
189 Net gains from the disposal of assets	5	-	427
Net share of interests in joint ventures and			
 associates using the equity method 	19		_
12,169 Total income from continuing operation	s _	15,041	13,096
Expenses from continuing operations			
3,959 Employee benefits and on-costs	4a	4,233	4,089
193 Borrowing costs	4b	201	177
1,689 Materials and contracts	4c	1,953	2,280
5,475 Depreciation and amortisation	4d	5,569	5,929
Impairment	4d	· <u>-</u>	
1,523 Other expenses	4e	1,346	1,185
Net losses from the disposal of assets	5	2	-,,,,,,
12,839 Total expenses from continuing operati		13,304	13,660
	_		
(670) Operating result from continuing ope	_	1,737	(564)
Discontinued operations			
 Net profit/(loss) from discontinued operations 	24		
(670) Net operating result for the year	_	1,737	(564)
(670) Net operating result attributable to Council		1737	(564)
Net operating result attributable to non-controlling	ng interests		
Net operating result for the year before grants	and		(4.45=
(3,430) contributions provided for capital purposes		975	(1,467

¹ Original budget as approved by Council – refer Note 16

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 June 2017

\$ '000	Notes	Actual 2017	Actual 2016
φ 000	INULES	2017	2010
Net operating result for the year (as per Income Statement)		1,737	(564)
Other comprehensive income:			
Amounts which will not be reclassified subsequently to the operating res	sult		
Gain (loss) on revaluation of I,PP&E	20b (ii)	17,288	1,540
Total items which will not be reclassified subsequently			
to the operating result		17,288	1,540
Amounts which will be reclassified subsequently to the operating result when specific conditions are met Nil			
Total other comprehensive income for the year	-	17,288	1,540
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	19,025	976
Total comprehensive income attributable to Council Total comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	_	19,025 —	976 –

Statement of Financial Position

as at 30 June 2017

\$ '000	Notes	Actual 2017	Actual 2016
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	6a	7,377	5,200
Investments	6b	, _	500
Receivables	7	753	806
Inventories	8	76	70
Other	8	_	_
Non-current assets classified as 'held for sale'	22	500	_
Total current assets		8,706	6,576
Non-current assets			
Investments	6b	_	_
Receivables	7	_	_
Inventories	8	_	_
Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	9	113,742	97,901
Investments accounted for using the equity method	19	_	_
Investment property	14	_	_
Intangible assets	25	260	260
Total non-current assets	_	114,002	98,161
TOTAL ASSETS		122,708	104,737
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Payables	10	862	1,202
Income received in advance	10	81	42
Borrowings	10	257	241
Provisions	10	733	815
Total current liabilities		1,933	2,300
Non-current liabilities			
Payables	10	126	511
Borrowings	10	2,806	3,063
Provisions	10	237	260
Total non-current liabilities	_	3,169	3,834
TOTAL LIABILITIES		5,102	6,134
Net assets	=	117,606	98,603
EQUITY			
EQUITY Retained earnings	20	46,039	43,921
Revaluation reserves	20 20	46,039 71,565	43,921 54,682
Other reserves		7 1,505	J 4 ,002
	20 _		98,603
Council equity interest Non-controlling equity interests		- 000,711	90,003
Total equity	-		98,603
		4 4 7 0 0 0	

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2017

	2017 Retained	Asset revaluation reserve	Other reserves	Council	Non-	Total	2016 Retained	Asset revaluation reserve	Other reserves	Council	Non-	Total
\$ '000 Note	earnings	(Refer 20b)	(Refer 20b)	interest	interest	equity	earnings	(Refer 20b)	(Refer 20b)	interest	interest	equity
Opening balance (as per last year's audited accounts)	44,302	54,279	_	98,581	_	98,581	44,866	53,108	-	97,974	-	97,974
a. Correction of prior period errors 20 (c		-	_		_			(369)	_	(369)	_	(369)
b. Changes in accounting policies (prior year effects) 20 (d Revised opening balance	44,302	54,279		98,581		98,581	44,866	52,739		97,605		97,605
c. Net operating result for the year	1,737	_	-	1,737	-	1,737	(564)	_	_	(564)	_	(564)
d. Other comprehensive income												
- Revaluations: IPP&E asset revaluation rsve 20b (i	i)	17,288	_	17,288	_	17,288		1,540	_	1,540	_	1,540
Other comprehensive income	-	17,288	-	17,288	_	17,288	-	1,540	_	1,540	-	1,540
Total comprehensive income (c&d)	1,737	17,288	_	19,025	_	19,025	(564)	1,540	_	976	_	976
e. Distributions to/(contributions from) non-controlling interests	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
f. Transfers between equity		_	_					_	_		_	
Equity – balance at end of the reporting period	46,039	71,567	_	117,606	_	117,606	44,302	54,279	_	98,581		98,581

Statement of Cash Flows

for the year ended 30 June 2017

2017	\$ '000 Notes	2047	
		2017	2016
	Cash flows from operating activities		
	Receipts:		
2,948	Rates and annual charges	2,251	2,086
1,206	User charges and fees	1,330	2,052
113	Investment and interest revenue received	127	135
6,541	Grants and contributions	10,090	8,103
_	Bonds, deposits and retention amounts received	5	_
1,389	Other	1,649	876
	Payments:		
(3,855)	Employee benefits and on-costs	(4,486)	(4,095)
(3,852)	Materials and contracts	(1,850)	(2,844)
(193)	Borrowing costs	(192)	(182)
_	Bonds, deposits and retention amounts refunded	(263)	(8)
(2,319)	Other	(2,375)	(1,027)
1,978	Net cash provided (or used in) operating activities 11b	6,286	5,096
	Cash flows from investing activities		
	Receipts:		
_	Sale of investment securities	_	2,000
_	Sale of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	597	72
	Payments:		(0.000)
(4.000)	Purchase of investment securities	(4.005)	(2,000)
(4,303)	Purchase of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	(4,965)	(4,341)
(4,303)	Net cash provided (or used in) investing activities	(4,368)	(4,269)
	Cash flows from financing activities		
	Receipts:		
	Nil		
	Payments:		
(241)	Repayment of borrowings and advances	(241)	(254)
(241)	Net cash flow provided (used in) financing activities	(241)	(254)
(2,566)	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,677	573
4,800	Plus: cash and cash equivalents – beginning of year 11a	5,700	4,627
2,234	Cash and cash equivalents – end of the year 11a	7,377	5,200
	Additional Information:		
	plus: Investments on hand – end of year 6b	_	500
			5,700

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Contents of the notes accompanying the financial statements

Note	Details	Page
1	Summary of significant accounting policies	10
2(a)	Council functions/activities – financial information	20
2 (b)	Council functions/activities – component descriptions	21
3	Income from continuing operations	22
4	Expenses from continuing operations	27
5	Gains or losses from the disposal of assets	31
6(a)	Cash and cash equivalent assets	32
6(b)	Investments	32
6(c)	Restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments – details	33
7	Receivables	35
8	Inventories and other assets	36
9(a)	Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	37
9 (b)	Externally restricted infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	38
9(c)	Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment – current year impairments	38
10(a)	Payables, borrowings and provisions	39
10(b)	Description of (and movements in) provisions	40
11	Statement of cash flows – additional information	41
12	Commitments for expenditure	42
13	Statement of performance measures:	
	13a (i) Local government industry indicators (consolidated)	43
	13a (ii) Local government industry graphs (consolidated)	44
	13b Local government industry indicators (by fund)	46
14	Investment properties	48
15	Financial risk management	49
16	Material budget variations	52
17	Statement of developer contributions	54
18	Contingencies and other liabilities/assets not recognised	54
19	Interests in other entities	55
20	Retained earnings, revaluation reserves, changes in accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors	56
04	·	50
21	Financial result and financial position by fund	58
22	'Held for sale' non-current assets and disposal groups	60
23	Events occurring after the reporting date	60
24	Discontinued operations	60
25	Intangible assets	61
26	Reinstatement, rehabilitation and restoration liabilities	62
27	Fair value measurement	63
28	Related party disclosures	71
29	Segment Reporting	72

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Australian Accounting Interpretations, the Local Government Act 1993 (NSW) and Regulations, and the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting. Council is a not for-profit entity for the purpose of preparing these financial statements.

(i) New and amended standards adopted by Council

AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures was adopted during the year, the impact of this standard had no impact on reporting financial position or performance, however note 28 has been added.

(ii) Early adoption of standards

Council has not elected to apply any pronouncements before their operative date in the annual reporting period beginning 1 July 2016.

(iii) Historical cost convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and certain classes of property, plant and equipment and investment property.

(iv) Significant accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Council's accounting policies.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the Council and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Council makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year include:

- (i) Estimated fair values of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment,
- (ii) Estimated tip remediation provisions.

Significant judgements in applying the Council's accounting policies

(i) Impairment of Receivables

Council has made a significant judgement about the impairment of a number of its receivables in Note 7.

(b) Revenue recognition

Council recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Council and specific criteria have been met for each of the Council's activities as described below.

Council bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is measured on major income categories as follows:

(i) Rates, annual charges, grants and contributions

Rates, annual charges, grants and contributions (including developer contributions) are recognised as revenue when the Council obtains control over the assets comprising these receipts. Developer contributions may only be expended for the purposes for which the contributions were required, but the Council may apply contributions according to the priorities established in work schedules.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Control over assets acquired from rates and annual charges is obtained at the commencement of the rating year as it is an enforceable debt linked to the rateable property or, where earlier, upon receipt of the rates.

Control over granted assets/contributed assets is normally obtained upon their receipt (or acquittal) or upon earlier notification that a grant has been secured, and is valued at their fair value at the date of transfer.

Where grants or contributions recognised as revenues during the financial year were obtained on condition that they be expended in a particular manner or used over a particular period and those conditions were un-discharged at reporting date, the unused grant or contribution is disclosed in Note 3(g). The note also discloses the amount of unused grant or contribution from prior years that was expended on Council's operations during the current year.

A liability is recognised in respect of revenue that is reciprocal in nature to the extent that the requisite service has not been provided at reporting date.

(ii) User charges and fees

User charges and fees (including parking fees and fines) are recognised as revenue when the service has been provided or when the penalty has been applied, whichever first occurs.

(iii) Sale of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment

The profit or loss on sale of an asset is determined when control of the asset has irrevocably passed to the buyer.

(iv) Interest

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest rate at the date that interest is earned.

(v) Rent

Rental income is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(vi) Dividend income

Revenue is recognised when the Council's right to receive the payment is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend.

(vii) Other income

Other income is recorded when the payment is due, the value of the payment is notified, or the payment is received, whichever occurs first.

(c) Principles of consolidation

(i) The Consolidated Fund

In accordance with the provisions of Section 409(1) of the Local Government Act 1993 (NSW), all money and property received by Council is held in the Council's Consolidated Fund unless it is required to be held in the Council's Trust Fund.

Cash and other assets of the following entities have been included as part of the Consolidated Fund:

- General Purpose Operations
- Balranald Water Supply
- Euston Water Supply
- Balranald Sewerage Service
- Euston Sewerage Service
- Domestic Waste Management

(ii) The Trust Fund

In accordance with the provisions of Section 411 of the Local Government Act 1993 (NSW) (as amended), a separate and distinct Trust Fund is maintained to account for all money and property received by the Council in trust which must be applied only for the purposes of, or in accordance with the trusts relating to those monies. Trust monies and property subject to Council's control have been included in these reports.

(iii) County Councils

Council is not a member of any county councils.

(iv) Interests in other entities

Subsidiaries

Council has no interest in any subsidiaries.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Joint arrangements

Council has no interest in any joint arrangements.

(d) Leases

Leases of property, plant and equipment where Council, as lessee, has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases.

Finance leases are capitalised at the lease's inception at the fair value of the leased property or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in other short-term and long-term payables. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to the income statement over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

The property, plant and equipment acquired under finance leases is depreciated over the asset's useful life or over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term if there is no reasonable certainty that Council will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term.

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are not transferred to Council as lessee are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Lease income from operating leases where Council is a lessor is recognised as income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(e) Cash and cash equivalents

For Statement of Cash Flow presentation purposes, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand; deposits held at call with financial institutions; other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are

subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value; and bank overdrafts.

Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the Statement of Financial Position.

(f) Inventories

(i) Raw materials and stores, work in progress and finished goods

Raw materials and stores, work in progress and finished goods are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost comprises direct materials, direct labour, and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overhead expenditure, the latter being allocated on the basis of normal operating capacity. Costs are assigned to individual items of inventory on basis of weighted average costs.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(ii) Inventory held for distribution

Inventory held for distribution is held at cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of service potential.

(iii) Land held for resale/capitalisation of borrowing costs

Land held for resale is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is assigned by specific identification and includes the cost of acquisition, and development and borrowing costs during development. When development is completed borrowing costs and other holding charges are expensed as incurred.

Borrowing costs included in the cost of land held for resale are those costs that would have been avoided if the expenditure on the acquisition and development of the land had not been made. Borrowing costs incurred while active development is interrupted for extended periods are recognised as expenses.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(g) Non-current assets (or disposal groups) held for sale and discontinued operations

Non-current assets (or disposal groups) are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use.

They are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell, except for assets such as deferred tax assets; assets arising from employee benefits; financial assets; and investment properties that are carried at fair value and contractual rights under insurance contracts, which are specifically exempt from this requirement.

An impairment loss is recognised for any initial or subsequent write-down of the asset (or disposal group) to fair value less costs to sell. A gain is recognised for any subsequent increases in fair value less costs to sell of an asset (or disposal group), but not in excess of any cumulative impairment loss previously recognised. A gain or loss not previously recognised by the date of the sale of the non-current asset (or disposal group) is recognised at the date of de-recognition.

Non-current assets (including those that are part of a disposal group) are not depreciated or amortised while they are classified as held for sale. Interest and other expenses attributable to the liabilities of a disposal group classified as held for sale continue to be recognised.

(h) Investments and other financial assets

Classification

Council classifies its financial assets in the following categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss; loans and receivables; held-to-maturity investments; and available-for-sale financial assets.

The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. Management determines the classification of its investments at initial recognition and, in the case of assets classified as held-to-maturity, re-evaluates this designation at each reporting date.

(i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets held for trading. A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short-term. Assets in this category are classified as current assets.

(ii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for those with maturities greater than 12 months after the reporting date which that are classified as non-current assets.

Loans and receivables are included in other receivables (note 8) and receivables (note 7) in the Statement of Financial Position.

Receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. Receivables are generally due for settlement within 30 days.

Cash flows relating to short-term receivables are not discounted if the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(iii) Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that Council's management has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. If Council were to sell other than an insignificant amount of held-to-maturity financial assets, the whole category would be tainted and reclassified as available-for-sale.

Held-to-maturity financial assets are included in noncurrent assets, except for those with maturities less than 12 months from the reporting date, that are classified as current assets.

(iv) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. They are included in non-current assets unless management

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

intends to dispose of the investment within 12 months of the reporting date.

Investments are designated as available-for-sale if they do not have fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments and management intends to hold them for the medium to long term.

Recognition and de-recognition

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date: the date on which Council commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Investments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the income statement.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and Council has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

When securities classified as available-for-sale are sold, the accumulated fair value adjustments recognised in equity are included in the income statement as gains and losses from investment securities.

Subsequent measurement

Loans and receivables and held-to-maturity investments are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Changes in the fair value of other monetary and nonmonetary securities classified as available-for-sale are recognised in equity.

Impairment

Council assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired.

A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

In the case of equity investments classified as available-for-sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered an indicator that the assets are impaired.

Investment Policy

Council has an approved investment policy complying with Section 625 of the Local Government Act 1993 (NSW) and Clause 212 of the Local Government (General) Regulation 2005 (NSW).

Investments are placed and managed in accordance with that policy and having particular regard to authorised investments prescribed under the Ministerial Local Government Investment Order. Council maintains an investment policy that complies with the Act and ensures that it, or its representatives, exercise the care, diligence and skill that a prudent person would exercise in investing Council funds.

Council amended its policy following revisions to the Ministerial Local Government Investment Order (the Order) arising from the Cole Inquiry recommendations. Certain investments the Council holds are no longer prescribed; however, they have been retained under grandfathering provisions of the Order. These will be disposed of when most financially advantageous to Council.

(i) Fair value estimation – financial instruments

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes.

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the reporting date.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. Council uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each reporting date. Other techniques, such as estimated discounted

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

cash flows, are used to determine fair value for the remaining financial instruments.

The nominal value less estimated credit adjustments of trade receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Council for similar financial instruments.

(j) Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment (IPPE)

Council's assets have been progressively revalued to fair value in accordance with a staged implementation advised by the Office of Local Government. At reporting date, the following classes of IPPE were stated at their fair value:

Externally valued:

- Operational land
- Community land
- Land improvements
- Buildings specialised/non-specialised
- · Other structures
- Roads assets including roads, bridges, Kerb & Gutter and footpaths
- Stormwater drainage
- Water and sewerage networks
- Swimming pools
- Other open space/recreational assets
- Other infrastructure

Internally valued:

There were no Asset Classes internally valued at reporting date.

As approximated by depreciated historical cost:

- Plant and equipment
- Furniture & Fittings
- Office Equipment
- Other assets

Non-specialised assets with short useful lives are measured at depreciated historical cost as an approximation of fair value. Council has assessed that any difference between fair value and depreciated historical cost is unlikely to be material.

Water and sewerage network assets are indexed annually between full revaluations in accordance with the latest indices provided in the NSW Office of Water Rates Reference Manual.

For all other asset classes, Council assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that a revalued asset's carrying amount may differ materially from that which would be determined if the asset were revalued at the reporting date. If any such indication exists, Council determines the asset's fair value and revalue the asset to that amount. Full revaluations are undertaken for all assets on a five-year cycle.

Increases in the carrying amounts arising on revaluation are credited to the asset revaluation reserve. To the extent that the increase reverses a decrease previously recognising profit or loss relating to that asset class, the increase is first recognised as profit or loss.

Decreases that reverse previous increases of assets in the same class are first charged against revaluation reserves directly in equity to the extent of the remaining reserve attributable to the class; all other decreases are charged to the Income Statement.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to Council and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation

Land is not depreciated.

Depreciation on other assets is calculated using the straight line method to allocate their cost, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Plant & Equipment

Office Equipment
Office furniture
Computer Equipment
Vehicles
Heavy Plant/Road Making equip.
Other plant and equipment
5 to 10 years
10 to 20 years
5 to 8 years
5 to 8 years
5 to 15 years

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Other Equipment - Playground equipment - Benches, seats etc	5 to 35 years 10 to 20 years
Buildings - Buildings : Masonry - Buildings : Other	50 to 100 years 20 to 40 years
Stormwater Drainage - Drains - Culverts	70 to 100 years 50 to 100 years
Transportation Assets - Sealed Roads : Surface - Sealed Roads : Structure - Unsealed roads - Bridge : Concrete - Road Pavements - Kerb, Gutter	15 years 35 to 150 years 90 to 150 years 80 to 120 years 35 to 130 years 90 years
Water & Sewer Assets - Dams and reservoirs - Bores - Reticulation pipes : PVC - Reticulation pipes : Other - Pumps and telemetry	25 to 85 years 20 to 30 years 80 years 50 to 120 years 5 to 20 years
Other Infrastructure Assets - Bulk earthworks	Infinite
Swimming PoolsOther Open Space/ Recreational Assets	25 to 40 years 10-80 years
- Other Infrastructure	10-50 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the income statement.

(k) Investment property

Investment property, principally comprising freehold office buildings, is held for long-term rental yields and is not occupied by the Council.

(I) Payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Council prior to the end of financial year that are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

(m) Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in the income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are removed from the Statement of Financial Position when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in other income or finance cost.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless Council has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

(n) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs incurred for the construction of any qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are expensed.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(o) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when Council has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount has been reliably estimated.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date. The discount rate used to determine the present value reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

(p) Employee benefits

(i) Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including nonmonetary benefits, annual leave and accumulating sick leave expected to be wholly settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

The liability for annual leave and accumulating sick leave is recognised in the provision for employee benefits. All other short-term employee benefit obligations are presented as payables.

(ii) Other long-term employee benefit obligations

The liability for long service leave and annual leave that is not expected to be wholly settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service is recognised in the provision for employee benefits and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method.

Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures, and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the end of the reporting period on national government bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position if the Council does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the reporting date, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.

(iii) Retirement benefit obligations

All employees of the Council are entitled to benefits on retirement, disability or death. Council contributes to various defined benefit plans and defined contribution plans on behalf of its employees.

Defined Benefit Plans

A liability or asset in respect of defined benefit superannuation plans would ordinarily be recognised in the Statement of Financial Position, and measured as the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the reporting date plus unrecognised actuarial gains (less unrecognised actuarial losses) less the fair value of the superannuation fund's assets at that date and any unrecognised past service cost.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is based on expected future payments that arise from membership of the fund to the reporting date, calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method.

Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures, and periods of service. However, when this information is not reliably available, Council accounts for its obligations to defined benefit plans on the same basis as its obligations to defined contribution plans, i.e. as an expense when it becomes payable.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Defined Contribution Plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense as they become payable. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

(q) Self-insurance

Council does not self-insure.

(r) Intangible assets

Hostel Bed Licences

Council has 13 bed licences at the Bidgee Havan Hostel valued at \$20,000 per licence. Hostel bed licences have an indefinite life and are therefore not subject to amortisation. Bed Licences have been valued as at 30-06-2008 by Wallace Mackinon & Associated PTY LTD of 208 Belmore Road, Riverwood NSW 2010, and are consistent with current value within the industry.

(s) Crown reserves

Crown Reserves under Council's care and control are recognised as assets of the Council. While ownership of the reserves remains with the Crown, Council retains operational control of the reserves and is responsible for their maintenance and use in accordance with the specific purposes to which the reserves are dedicated.

Improvements on Crown Reserves are also recorded as assets, while maintenance costs incurred by Council and revenues relating to the reserves are recognised within Council's Income Statement.

(t) Rural fire service assets

Under section 119 of the Rural Fire Services Act 1997 (NSW), "all fire fighting equipment purchased or constructed wholly or from money to the credit of the Fund is to be vested in the council of the area for or on behalf of which the fire fighting equipment has been purchased or constructed".

Until such time as discussions on this matter have concluded and the legislation changed, Council will recognise rural fire service assets including land, buildings, plant and vehicles.

(u) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to the taxation authority is included with other receivables or payables in the Statement of Financial Position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which that are recoverable from, or payable to the taxation authority are presented as operating cash flows.

(v) New accounting standards and interpretations issued not yet effective

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for the current reporting period and which have not been applied.

As at the date of authorisation of the financial statements, the standards and interpretations listed below were in issue but not yet effective.

Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017

- ASB 2014-5 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 15
- AASB 2015-8 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Effective Date of AASB 15
- AASB 2016-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses [AASB 112]

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

- AASB 2016-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosure Initiative: Amendments to AASB 107
- AASB 2016-4 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Recoverable Amount of Non-Cash-Generating Specialised Assets of Not-for-Profit Entities
- AASB 2016-7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Deferral of AASB 15 for Notfor-Profit Entities

Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 13 February 2017

AASB 2017-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Further Annual Improvements 2014- 16 Cycle

Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 13 December 2017

AASB 2017-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Transfers of Investment Property, Annual Improvements 2014-2016 Cycle and Other Amendments

Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018

AASB 9 Financial Instruments (December 2009)

- AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers
- AASB 2010-7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9 (December 2010)
- AASB 2014-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards (Part E)
- AASB 2014-7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9 (December 2014)AASB 1057 Application of Australian Accounting Standards
- AASB 2016-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Clarifications to AASB 15
- AASB 2016-5 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions
- AASB 2016-6 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Applying AASB 9 Financial Instruments with AASB 4 Insurance Contracts

Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019

AASB 16 Leases

AASB 16 Leases (Appendix D)

AASB 2016-8 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Australian Implementation Guidance for Nor-for-Profit Entities

AASB 1058 Income of Not-for-Profit Entities

AASB 2016-8 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Australian Implementation Guidance for Not-for-Profit Entities

The full impact of these standards has yet to be ascertained or quantified but will range from additional and/or revised disclosures to changes in how certain transactions and balances are accounted for

(w) Rounding of amounts

Unless otherwise indicated, amounts in the financial statements have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars.

(x) Comparative figures

To ensure comparability with the current reporting period's figures, some comparative period line items and amounts may have been reclassified or individually reported for the first time within these financial statements and/or the notes.

(y) Disclaimer

Nothing contained within these statements may be taken to be an admission of any liability to any person under any circumstance.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 2(a). Council functions/activities – financial information

\$ '000		Income, expenses and assets have been directly attributed to the following functions/activities. Details of these functions/activities are provided in Note 2(b).											
Functions/activities		from cont	•	Expense	etalls of the es from col operations	ntinuing	Opera	ting result	from	Grants in income contil	e from nuing	Total assets held (current & non-current)	
	Original			Original			Original						
	budget	Actual	Actual	budget	Actual	Actual	budget	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual
	2017	2017	2016	2017	2017	2016	2017	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Governance	13	11	8	599	701	587	(586)	(690)	(579)	_	_	_	104,737
Administration	350	615	523	1,268	1,473	969	(918)	(858)	(446)	22	15	8,720	_
Public order and safety	206	226	233	395	293	326	(190)	(66)	(93)	95	233	436	_
Health	14	14	8	53	40	54	(39)	(26)	(46)	_	25	126	_
Environment	338	357	361	316	510	880	22	(153)	(519)	33	10	5,655	_
Community services and education	1,042	764	967	1,003	1,224	1,432	39	(460)	(465)	21	659	1,785	_
Housing and community amenities	167	157	150	621	669	508	(454)	(512)	(358)	_	6	4,185	_
Water supplies	1,023	1,005	1,113	978	852	1,015	45	153	98	7	7	9,224	_
Sewerage services	290	334	325	621	423	229	(331)	(89)	96	6	7	9,003	_
Recreation and culture	47	125	277	750	1,012	1,026	(703)	(887)	(749)		131	9,224	_
Mining, manufacturing and construction	13	16	16	50	50	103	(37)	(34)	(87)	_	_	_	_
Transport and communication	4,522	5,174	3,484	5,326	5,191	5,352	(804)	(17)	(1,868)	1,660	2,106	73,168	_
Economic affairs	599	714	853	858	867	1,179	(259)	(153)	(326)	104	80	1,182	_
Total functions and activities	8,624	9,512	8,318	12,838	13,304	13,660	(4,215)	(3,792)	(5,342)	1,948	3,279	122,708	104,737
Share of gains/(losses) in associates													
and joint ventures (using the equity method)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
General purpose income ¹	3,545	5,529	4,778	_	-	_	3,545	5,529	4,778	5,498	3,475	_	_
Operating result from continuing operations	12,169	15,041	13,096	12,838	13,304	13,660	(669)	1,737	(564)	7,446	6,754	122,708	104,737

^{1.} Includes: rates and annual charges (incl. ex-gratia), untied general purpose grants and unrestricted interest and investment income.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 2(b). Council functions/activities – component descriptions

Details relating to the Council's functions/activities as reported in Note 2(a) are as follows:

GOVERNANCE

Includes costs relating to Council's role as a component of democratic government, including elections, members' fees and expenses, subscriptions to local authority associations, meetings of Council and policy-making committees, public disclosure (e.g. GIPA), and legislative compliance.

ADMINISTRATION

Includes corporate support and other support services, engineering works, and any Council policy compliance.

PUBLIC ORDER AND SAFETY

Includes Council's fire and emergency services levy, fire protection, emergency services, beach control, enforcement of regulations and animal control.

HEALTH

Includes immunisation, food control, health centres etc.

ENVIRONMENT

Includes noxious plants and insect/vermin control; other environmental protection; solid waste management, including domestic waste; other waste management; other sanitation; and garbage, street cleaning, drainage and stormwater management.

COMMUNITY SERVICES AND EDUCATION

Includes administration and education; social protection (welfare); migrant, Aboriginal and other community services and administration (excluding accommodation – as it is covered under 'housing and community amenities'); youth services; aged and disabled persons services; children's' services, including family day care; child care; and other family and children services.

HOUSING AND COMMUNITY AMENITIES

Includes public cemeteries; public conveniences; street lighting; town planning; other community amenities, including housing development and accommodation for families and children, aged persons, disabled persons, migrants and Indigenous persons.

WATER SUPPLIES SEWERAGE SERVICES

RECREATION AND CULTURE

Includes public libraries; museums; art galleries; community centres and halls, including public halls and performing arts venues; sporting grounds and venues; swimming pools; parks; gardens; lakes; and other sporting, recreational and cultural services.

MINING, MANUFACTURING AND CONSTRUCTION

Includes building control, quarries and pits, mineral resources, and abattoirs.

TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATION

Urban local, urban regional, includes sealed and unsealed roads, bridges, footpaths, parking areas, and aerodromes.

ECONOMIC AFFAIRS

Includes camping areas and caravan parks; tourism and area promotion; industrial development promotion; sale yards and markets; real estate development; commercial nurseries; and other business undertakings.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 3. Income from continuing operations

	Actual	Actual
\$ '000 Notes	2017	2016
(a) Rates and annual charges		
Ordinary rates		
Residential	235	219
Farmland	892	854
Business	140	139
Total ordinary rates	1,267	1,212
Special rates		
Nil		
Annual charges (pursuant to s.496, s.496A, s.496B, s.501 & s.611)		
Domestic waste management services	209	230
Water supply services	414	410
Sewerage services	239	233
Total annual charges	862	873
TOTAL RATES AND ANNUAL CHARGES	2,129	2,085

Council has used 2016 year valuations provided by the NSW Valuer General in calculating its rates.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

		Actual	Actual
\$ '000	Notes	2017	2016
(b) User charges and fees			
Specific user charges (per s.502 – specific 'actual use' charges)			
Water supply services		373	540
Sewerage services		6	9
Sewerage services contract aboriginal mission		20	19
Waste management services (non-domestic)		67	95
Water service contract aborginal mission		39	37
Total user charges	_	505	700
Other user charges and fees			
(i) Fees and charges – statutory and regulatory functions (per s.608)			
Building services		16	31
Private works – section 67		90	90
Town planning		61_	21
Total fees and charges – statutory/regulatory	_	167	142
(ii) Fees and charges – other (incl. general user charges (per s.608))			
Aged care		271	239
Caravan park		466	441
Cemeteries		31	35
Rent and hire of non-investment property		70	134
RMS (formerly RTA) charges (state roads not controlled by Council)		18	173
Swimming centres		4	7
Tourism		10	_
Waste disposal tipping fees		22	_
Water connection fees		6	_
Other		69	2
Total fees and charges – other		967	1,031
TOTAL USER CHARGES AND FEES	_	1,639	1,873
	_		

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

\$ '000 Notes	Actual 2017	Actual 2016
110100	2017	2010
(c) Interest and investment revenue (including losses)		
Interest		
 Interest on overdue rates and annual charges (incl. special purpose rates) 	8	8
 Interest earned on investments (interest and coupon payment income) 	115	131
TOTAL INTEREST AND INVESTMENT REVENUE	123	139
Interest revenue is attributable to:		
Unrestricted investments/financial assets:		
Overdue rates and annual charges (general fund)	8	8
General Council cash and investments	56	83
Restricted investments/funds – external:		
Water fund operations	17	5
Sewerage fund operations	42	43
Total interest and investment revenue recognised	123	139
(d) Other revenues		
Rental income – other council properties	18	12
Legal fees recovery – rates and charges (extra charges)	7	7
Commissions and agency fees	59	58
Diesel rebate	48	51
Insurance claim recoveries	76	86
Motor vehicle contributions	25	36
Sales – miscellaneous	9	5
Tourist information centre sales	53	62
Other	610	8
TOTAL OTHER REVENUE	905	325

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

\$ '000 Operating Operating Capital (e) Grants General purpose (untied)	Capital
	<u>-</u>
General purpose (untied)	_
Financial assistance 5,498 3,465 –	
Pensioners' rates subsidies – general component 10 10	
Total general purpose 5,508 3,475 –	
Specific purpose	
Pensioners' rates subsidies:	
– Water 7 7 –	_
– Sewerage 6 7 –	_
Domestic waste management1010	_
Bushfire and emergency services 72 207 –	25
Community care 5 657 40	_
Community centres – 2 –	_
Employment and training programs 12 6 –	_
Heritage and cultural – 2 8	_
Library – 4 –	_
Library – per capita 20 15 –	_
Noxious weeds 23 25 -	_
Recreation and culture – 214	100
Skate park and play grounds – – – –	105
Street lighting 18 17 –	_
Transport (roads to recovery) 1,660 1,666	_
Transport (other roads and bridges funding) – – – –	344
Tourism 104 80 –	_
Youth Week 1 – –	_
Other 500	
Total specific purpose 1,938 2,705 762	574
Total grants 7,446 6,180 762	574
Grant revenue is attributable to:	
- Commonwealth funding 1,660 1,666 -	_
- State funding 5,786 4,514 762	574
- Other funding	_
7,446 6,180 762	574

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

\$ '000	2017 Operating	2016 Operating	2017 Capital	2016 Capital
(f) Contributions				
Developer contributions:				
(s93 & s94 – EP&A Act, s64 of the LGA):				
Nil				
Other contributions:				
Recreation and culture	_	_	_	100
RMS contributions (regional roads, block grant)	1,637	1,164		229
Assets not previously recognised	400	1,164	- -	329
Total contributions	2,037	1,164		200
Total contributions	2,037			329
TOTAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	9,483		<u>762</u> _	903
			Actual	Actual
\$ '000			2017	2016
(g) Unspent grants and contributions Certain grants and contributions are obtained by that they be spent in a specified manner:	Council on co	ondition		
Unexpended at the close of the previous reporting pe	eriod		480	479
Add: grants and contributions recognised in the curre	ent period but n	not yet spent:	367	246
Less: grants and contributions recognised in a previo			(244)	
9	us reporting pe	eriod now spent:	(=)	(245)
Net increase (decrease) in restricted assets durin		eriod now spent:	123	(245) 1
		eriod now spent:	, ,	
Net increase (decrease) in restricted assets durin		eriod now spent: — —	123	1
Net increase (decrease) in restricted assets durin Unexpended and held as restricted assets		eriod now spent: — =	123	1
Net increase (decrease) in restricted assets durin Unexpended and held as restricted assets Comprising:		eriod now spent: — =	603	480

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 4. Expenses from continuing operations

	Actual	Actual
\$ '000 No	tes 2017	2016
(a) Employee benefits and on-costs		
Salaries and wages	3,428	3,229
Travel expenses	93	73
Employee leave entitlements (ELE)	619	589
Superannuation – defined contribution plans	229	289
Superannuation – defined benefit plans	44	86
Workers' compensation insurance	109	87
Fringe benefit tax (FBT)	28	7
Training costs (other than salaries and wages)	45	64
Protective clothing	16	13
Medicals	5	_
Recruitment	15	6
Total employee costs	4,631	4,443
Less: capitalised costs	(398)	(354)
TOTAL EMPLOYEE COSTS EXPENSED	4,233	4,089
Number of 'full-time equivalent' employees (FTE) at year end	47	66
Number of 'full-time equivalent' employees (FTE) at year end (incl. vacancies)	47	66
(b) Borrowing costs		
(i) Interest bearing liability costs		
Interest on loans	201	177
Total interest bearing liability costs expensed	201	177
(ii) Other borrowing costs Nil		
TOTAL BORROWING COSTS EXPENSED	201	177

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 4. Expenses from continuing operations (continued)

		Actual	Actual
\$ '000	Notes	2017	2016
(c) Materials and contracts			
Raw materials and consumables		1,031	2,444
Contractor and consultancy costs		200	738
 Caravan park management 		271	353
 Contractor and consultancy costs – transport 		2,599	1,498
 Staff replacements 		_	3
- Waste		174	178
Auditors remuneration (1)		54	64
Legal expenses:			
Legal expenses: other		56	2
Operating leases:			
 Operating lease rentals: minimum lease payments (2) 		231	226
Other		1	20
Total materials and contracts		4,617	5,526
Less: capitalised costs		(2,664)	(3,246)
TOTAL MATERIALS AND CONTRACTS		1,953	2,280

1. Auditor remuneration

a. During the year, the following fees were incurred for services provided by the Auditor-General:

Nil

b. During the year, the following fees were incurred for services provided by the other Council's Auditors:

(i) Audit and other assurance services

Audit and review of financial statements: Council's Auditor	48	58
- Audit and review of financial statements: other consolidated entity Auditors	6	6
Remuneration for audit and other assurance services	54	64
Total remuneration of other Council's Auditors	54	64
Total Auditor remuneration	54	64

2. Operating lease payments are attributable to:

2. Operating lease payments are attributable to.		
Sewer Reconstruction	76	71
Computers	5	4
Motor vehicles	150	151
	231	226

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 4. Expenses from continuing operations (continued)

\$ '000	Notes	Actual 2017	Actual 2016
(d) Depreciation, amortisation and impairment			
Plant and equipment		316	378
Office equipment		18	15
Furniture and fittings		7	7
Infrastructure:			
Buildings – non-specialised		676	685
Buildings – specialised		7	6
Other structures		497	185
 Roads and bridges 		3,360	3,635
 Kerb and gutter 		53	53
Footpaths		33	33
 Stormwater drainage 		31	31
 Water supply network 		291	421
Sewerage network		201	392
Swimming pools		57	55
Other assets			
- Other		22	33
Total gross depreciation and amortisation costs		5,569	5,929
Less: capitalised costs			_
Total depreciation and amortisation costs	_	5,569	5,929
Impairment Nil			
TOTAL DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT COSTS EXPENSED	_	5,569	5,929

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 4. Expenses from continuing operations (continued)

		Actual
\$ '000 Notes	2017	2016
(e) Other expenses		
Advertising	68	30
Bad and doubtful debts	1	20
Bank charges	11	18
Computer software charges	69	43
Contributions/levies to other levels of government		
 Emergency services levy (includes FRNSW, SES, and RFS levies) 	185	148
 NSW fire brigade levy 	7	14
Councillor expenses – mayoral fee	26	22
Councillor expenses – councillors' fees	90	89
Councillors' expenses (incl. mayor) – other (excluding fees above)	54	49
Donations, contributions and assistance to other organisations (Section 356)	9	18
Election expenses	23	_
Electricity and heating	190	214
Insurance	263	262
Pit rehabilitation revalued costs	_	47
Postage	17	14
Printing and stationery	39	31
Street lighting	79	40
Subscriptions and publications	51	54
Telephone and communications	52	31
Valuation fees	24	13
Other	88	28
TOTAL OTHER EXPENSES	1,346	1,185

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 5. Gains or losses from the disposal of assets

		Actual	Actual
\$ '000	Notes	2017	2016
Plant and equipment			
Proceeds from disposal – plant and equipment		197	72
Less: carrying amount of plant and equipment assets sold/written off		(199)	(50)
Net gain/(loss) on disposal	-	(2)	22
Infrastructure			
Less: carrying amount of infrastructure assets sold/written off		_	(95)
Net gain/(loss) on disposal	_		(95)
Et a control a control			
Financial assets*			
Proceeds from disposal/redemptions/maturities – financial assets		_	2,000
Less: carrying amount of financial assets sold/redeemed/matured			(1,500)
Net gain/(loss) on disposal	_		500
Other			
Net gain/(loss) on disposal			_
NET GAIN/(LOSS) ON DISPOSAL OF ASSETS	_	(2)	427
* Financial assets disposals/redemptions include:			
 Net gain/(loss) from financial instruments 'at fair value through profit and loss' 	_		500
Net gain/(loss) on disposal of financial instruments	-		500

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 6a. - Cash assets and Note 6b. - investments

	2017	2017	2016	2016
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual
\$ '000 Notes	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6a)				
Cash on hand and at bank	13	_	702	_
Cash-equivalent assets 1				
 Deposits at call 	1,764	_	_	_
Short-term deposits	5,600		4,498	
Total cash and cash equivalents	7,377	_	5,200	
Investments (Note 6b)				
Long term deposits			500	
Total investments	_		500	_
TOTAL CASH ASSETS, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS	7,377	_	5,700	

¹ Those investments where time to maturity (from date of purchase) is < 3 mths.

Cash, cash equivalents and investments were classified at year end in accordance with AASB 139 as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents

a. 'At fair value through the profit and loss'	7,377		5,200	
Investments				
a. 'Held to maturity'			500	
Investments	_	_	500	_

Refer to Note 27. Fair value measurement for information regarding the fair value of investments held.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 6c. Restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments – details

4.000	2017	2017	2016	2016
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual
\$ '000	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Total cash, cash equivalents and investments	7,377		5,700	
attributable to: External restrictions (refer below) Internal restrictions (refer below) Unrestricted	2,654	-	2,849	-
	4,632	-	2,642	-
	91	-	209	-
	7,377	-	5,700	-

2017	Opening	Transfers to	Transfers from	Closing
\$ '000	balance	restrictions	restrictions	balance

Details of restrictions

External restrictions - included in liabilities

Nil

External restrictions - other

Specific purpose unexpended grants	(A)	386	367	(200)	553
Water supplies	(B)	562	263	(214)	611
Sewerage services	(B)	1,740		(444)	1,296
Domestic waste management	(B)	67	77	_	144
Other contributions		94		(44)	50
External restrictions – other		2,849	707	(902)	2,654
Total external restrictions		2,849	707	(902)	2,654

A Grants which are not yet expended for the purposes for which the grants were obtained. (refer Note 1 (b))

B Water, sewerage, domestic waste management (DWM) and other special rates/levies/charges are externally restricted assets and must be applied for the purposes for which they were raised.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 6c. Restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments – details (continued)

2017	Opening	Transfers to	Transfers from	Closing	
\$ '000	balance	restrictions	restrictions	balance	
Internal restrictions					
Plant and vehicle replacement	276	283	_	559	
Infrastructure replacement	656	_	(442)	214	
Employees leave entitlement	300	_	(31)	269	
Deposits, retentions and bonds	106	_	_	106	
Caravan park reserve	108	71	(11)	168	
Carry over works	264	729	(263)	730	
Euston cemetery	38	_	_	38	
Gravel pits rehabilitation	170	75	_	245	
Health reserve	3	3	_	6	
Hostel bonds	388	_	(275)	111	
Hostel reserve	10	_	(10)	_	
Market St improvements	20	_	_	20	
Other assets replacement	300	_	(14)	286	
Town clock	3	_	_	3	
Lake Benanee Capital Improvements	_	1	_	1	
Theatre Royal Improvements	_	5	_	5	
Other		1,871		1,871	
Total internal restrictions	2,642	3,038	(1,046)	4,632	
TOTAL RESTRICTIONS	5,491	3,745	(1,948)	7,286	

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 7. Receivables

		20	017	2016	
\$ '000 Notes	tes Cui	rrent	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Purpose					
Rates and annual charges		264	_	386	_
User charges and fees		477	_	138	_
Accrued revenues					
 Interest on investments 		16	_	20	_
Government grants and subsidies		_	_	245	_
Net GST receivable		17	_	39	_
Total		774	_	828	_
Less: provision for impairment					
Rates and annual charges		(21)	_	(21)	_
User charges and fees		_	_	(1)	_
Total provision for impairment – receivabl	es	(21)	_	(22)	_
TOTAL NET RECEIVABLES		753		806	
Externally restricted receivables					
Water supply					
 Rates and availability charges 		158	_	171	_
– Other		86	_	107	_
Sewerage services					
 Rates and availability charges 		_	_	31	_
– Other		31	_	_	_
Domestic waste management				26	
Total external restrictions		275	_	335	_
Internally restricted receivables					
Nil					
Unrestricted receivables		478	_	471	_
TOTAL NET RECEIVABLES		753	_	806	_

Notes on debtors above:

- (i) Rates and annual charges outstanding are secured against the property.
- (ii) Doubtful rates debtors are provided for where the value of the property is less than the debt outstanding.

 An allowance for other doubtful debts is made when there is objective evidence that a receivable is impaired.
- (iii) Interest was charged on overdue rates and charges at 8.50% (2016 8.50%). Generally all other receivables are non-interest bearing.
- (iv) Please refer to Note 15 for issues concerning credit risk and fair value disclosures.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 8. Inventories and other assets

	20	017	20)16
\$ '000 Note	s Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
(a) Inventories				
(i) Inventories at cost				
Stores and materials	53	_	45	_
Trading stock	23		25	
Total inventories at cost	76		70	
(ii) Inventories at net realisable value (NRV) Nil				
TOTAL INVENTORIES	76		70	

(b) Other assets

Ni

Externally restricted assets

There are no restrictions applicable to the above assets.

Other disclosures

(a) Inventories recognised as an expense for the year included:

 Stores and materials 	180	120
- Trading stock	25	33

(b) Inventory write downs

There were no amounts recognised as an expense relating to the write down of inventory balances held during the year.

Refer to Note 27. Fair value measurement for information regarding the fair value of other assets held.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 9a. Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment

Asset class					Asset movements during the reporting period										
		as at 30/6/2016 Accumulated		Additions	Additions	Carrying	Danasiation	WIP	A diverter a sta	Other movements		Revaluation		as at 30/6/2017 Accumulated	
\$ '000	Gross carrying amount	depreciation and impairment	Net carrying amount	renewals	new assets	value of disposals	Depreciation expense	transfers	Adjustments and transfers	(adjustment to opening bal for incorrect revals)	decrements to equity (ARR)	increments to equity (ARR)	Gross carrying amount	depreciation and impairment	Net carrying amount
Capital work in progress	552	_	552	202	591	_	_	(474)	_	_	_	_	871	_	871
Plant and equipment	4,838	2,907	1,931	-	587	(240)	(316)	27	_	_	_	_	4,824	2,834	1,990
Office equipment	453	417	36	-	45	(3)	(18)	8	_	_	_	_	408	341	67
Furniture and fittings	216	163	53	-	13	_	(7)	_	_	_	_	_	227	167	60
Land:															
Operational land	1,456	_	1,456	-	_	_	_	_	22	_	_	_	1,478	_	1,478
Community land	498	_	498	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	498	_	498
Land improvements – non-depreciable	568	_	568	58	_	_	_	54	_	_	_	_	680	_	680
Infrastructure:															
 Buildings – non-specialised 	26,752	15,254	11,498	109	-	_	(676)	12	_	_	_	_	26,872	15,928	10,944
 Buildings – specialised 	304	62	242	-	29	_	(7)	25	_	_	_	_	358	68	290
Other structures	13,169	5,681	7,488	-	248	_	(497)	95	185	_	_	_	13,778	6,258	7,520
 Roads and bridges 	111,010	58,241	52,769	1,405	994	_	(3,360)	171	50	_	_	14,970	91,380	24,381	66,999
 Kerb and gutter 	4,778	1,947	2,831	-	43	_	(53)	_	_	_	_	525	5,715	2,370	3,345
Footpaths	1,658	727	931	-	44	_	(33)	57	_	_	(87)	_	1,620	709	911
Stormwater drainage	2,482	438	2,044	-	_	_	(31)	_	_	_	(90)	_	2,482	559	1,923
 Water supply network 	16,184	9,151	7,033	28	_	_	(291)	_	(33)	9	_	1,331	14,109	6,031	8,078
 Sewerage network 	13,516	6,749	6,767	39	_	_	(201)	25	(88)	1	_	639	11,831	4,649	7,182
 Swimming pools 	1,480	787	693	_	19		(57)	_	_	_	_	_	1,500	847	653
Other assets:															
- Other	805	294	511		_	_	(22)		(236)	_	_	_	498	245	253
TOTAL INFRASTRUCTURE, PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIP.	200,719	102,818	97,901	1,841	2,613	(243)	(5,569)	_	(100)	10	(177)	17.465	179.129	65.387	113.742

Renewals are defined as the replacement of existing assets (as opposed to the acquisition of new assets).

Refer to Note 27. Fair value measurement for information regarding the fair value of other infrastructure, property, plant and equipment.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 9b. Externally restricted infrastructure, property, plant and equipment

\$ '000		Actual 2017		Actual 2016				
Class of asset	Gross Accumulate carrying depn. and amount impairmen		Net carrying amount	Gross carrying amount	Accumulated depn. and impairment	Net carrying amount		
Water supply								
WIP	_	_	_	18	_	18		
Plant and equipment	255	_	255	_	_	_		
Land								
 Operational land 	33	_	33	33	_	33		
Infrastructure	14,109	6,030	8,079	_	_	_		
Other assets	_	_	_	16,151	9,150	7,001		
Total water supply	14,397	6,030	8,367	16,202	9,150	7,052		
Sewerage services								
WIP	283	_	283	34	_	34		
Plant and equipment	122	_	122	_	_	_		
Land								
– Operational land	88	_	88	88	_	88		
Infrastructure	11,830	4,649	7,181	_	_	_		
Other assets		_	_	13,428	6,749	6,679		
Total sewerage services	12,323	4,649	7,674	13,550	6,749	6,801		
TOTAL RESTRICTED I,PP&E	26,720	10,679	16,041	29,752	15,899	13,853		

Note 9c. Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment – current year impairments

Council has recognised no impairment losses during the reporting period nor reversed any prior period losses.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 10a. Payables, borrowings and provisions

	20	17	20	2016		
\$ '000 Notes	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current		
Deviables						
Payables	000		050			
Goods and services – operating expenditure	632 214	_	653 336	_		
Goods and services – capital expenditure	214	_	330	_		
Accrued expenses: - Borrowings	16		7			
– Borrowings– Salaries and wages	-	_	, 145	3		
Other expenditure accruals	_	2	58	- -		
Advances	_	_	_	8		
Security bonds, deposits and retentions	_	13	3	5		
Retirement home contributions	_	111	_	495		
Total payables	862	126	1,202	511		
Total payables		120				
Income received in advance						
Payments received in advance	81		42			
Total income received in advance	81		42			
Borrowings						
Loans – secured 1	257_	2,806_	241_	3,063		
Total borrowings	257_	2,806	241_	3,063		
Provisions						
Employee benefits:						
Annual leave	303	_	395	_		
Long service leave	430	67	420	90		
Sub-total – aggregate employee benefits	733	67	815	90		
Asset remediation/restoration (future works) 26	_	170	_	170		
Total provisions	733	237	815	260		
TOTAL PAYABLES, BORROWINGS						
AND PROVISIONS	1,933	3,169	2,300	3,834		
THE PROVIDIONO	1,000			0,001		
(i) Liabilities relating to restricted assets	20	17	20)16		
(.,	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current		
Externally restricted assets						
Water	86	891	78	970		
Liabilities relating to externally restricted assets	86	891	78	970		
Internally restricted assets						
Nil						
Total liabilities relating to restricted assets	86	891	78	970		
Total liabilities relating to unrestricted assets		2,278	2,222	2,864		
_	1,047	2,210		2,004		
TOTAL PAYABLES, BORROWINGS AND PROVISIONS	1,933	3,169	2,300	3,834		
1 NOTIOIONO	1,000	0,100	2,000	0,004		

^{1.} Loans are secured over the general rating income of Council Disclosures on liability interest rate risk exposures, fair value disclosures and security can be found in Note 15.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 10a. Payables, borrowings and provisions (continued)

	Actual	Actual
\$ '000	2017	2016

(ii) Current liabilities not anticipated to be settled within the next twelve months

The following liabilities, even though classified as current, are not expected to be settled in the next 12 months.

Provisions – employees benefits	800	673
Payables – security bonds, deposits and retentions	111	389
	911	1,062

Note 10b. Description of and movements in provisions

	2016			2017 —		
Class of provision	Opening balance as at 1/7/16	Additional provisions	Decrease due to payments	effects due to	Unused amounts reversed	Closing balance as at 30/6/17
Annual leave	395	107	(199)	_	_	303
Sick leave	_	112	(112)	_	_	_
Long service leave	510	21	(34)	_	_	497
Asset remediation	170	_	_	_	_	170
TOTAL	1,075	240	(345)		_	970

a. Employees leave entitlements and on-costs represents those benefits accrued and payable and an estimate of those that will become payable in the future as a result of past service.

b. Asset remediation, reinstatement and restoration provisions represent the present value estimate of future costs Council will incur in order to remove, restore and remediate assets and/or activities as a result of past operations.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 11. Statement of cash flows – additional information

\$ '000	Notes	Actual 2017	Actual 2016
(a) Reconciliation of cash assets			
Total cash and cash equivalent assets	6a	7,377	5,700
Less bank overdraft	10		
Balance as per the Statement of Cash Flows	_	7,377	5,700
(b) Reconciliation of net operating result to cash provided from operating activities			
Net operating result from Income Statement		1,789	(564)
Adjust for non-cash items:		F F60	F 020
Depreciation and amortisation		5,569	5,929
Net losses/(gains) on disposal of assets Contribution - Recognition of Assets		(2) 400	(427)
+/- Movement in operating assets and liabilities and other cash items:		53	(116)
Decrease/(increase) in receivables		(1)	20
Increase/(decrease) in provision for doubtful debts		(6)	1
Decrease/(increase) in inventories		(28)	(20)
Increase/(decrease) in payables		9	(5)
Increase/(decrease) in accrued interest payable		(249)	54
Increase/(decrease) in other accrued expenses payable		(347)	168
Increase/(decrease) in other liabilities		(105)	9
Increase/(decrease) in employee leave entitlements			47
Increase/(decrease) in other provisions			
Net cash provided from/(used in)	_	6,286	5,096
operating activities from the Statement of Cash Flows			
(c) Non-cash investing and financing activities			
Nil			
(d) Financing arrangements			
(i) Unrestricted access was available at balance date to the			
following lines of credit:		20	20
Credit cards/purchase cards		20	20
Total financing arrangements	_		
Amounts utilised as at balance date:		13	6
 Credit cards/purchase cards 		13	6
Total financing arrangements utilised			

(ii) Secured loan liabilities

Loans are secured by a mortgage over future years rate revenue only.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 12. Commitments for expenditure

	Actual	Actual
\$ '000	Notes 2017	2016

(a) Capital commitments (exclusive of GST)

Nil

(b) Finance lease commitments

Nil

(c) Operating lease commitments (non-cancellable)

a. Commitments under non-cancellable operating leases at the reporting date, but not recognised as liabilities are payable:

Within the next year	150	231
Later than one year and not later than 5 years	72	345
Later than 5 years		
Total non-cancellable operating lease commitments	222	576

b. Non-cancellable operating leases include the following assets:

Council currently leases a number of items of heavy equipment.

Contingent rentals may be payable depending on the condition of items or usage during the lease term.

Conditions relating to operating leases:

- All operating lease agreements are secured only against the leased asset.
- No lease agreements impose any financial restrictions on Council regarding future debt etc.

(d) Investment property commitments

Nil

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 13a(i). Statement of performance measurement – indicators (consolidated)

Amounts

Indicator

Prior periods

Benchmark

	Amounts	maicator	1 1101 1	ciioas	Delicilliaik
\$ '000	2017	2017	2016	2015	
Local government industry indicators – co	onsolidated	ı			
Operating performance ratio Total continuing operating revenue (1) excluding capital grants and contributions less operating expenses Total continuing operating revenue (1) excluding capital grants and contributions	975 14,279	6.83%	-16.10%	-38.63%	>0.00%
2. Own source operating revenue ratio Total continuing operating revenue (1) excluding all grants and contributions Total continuing operating revenue (1)	4,796 15,041	31.89%	34.90%	36.22%	>60.00%
3. Unrestricted current ratio Current assets less all external restrictions (2) Current liabilities less specific purpose liabilities (3, 4)	<u>5,777</u> 931	6.17x	2.92x	1.95x	>1.5x
4. Debt service cover ratio Operating result (1) before capital excluding interest and depreciation/impairment/amortisation Principal repayments (Statement of Cash Flows) plus borrowing costs (Income Statement)	6,747 442	15.26x	9.77x	5.98x	>2x
5. Rates, annual charges, interest and extra charges outstanding percentage Rates, annual and extra charges outstanding Rates, annual and extra charges collectible	264 2,509	10.52%	15.65%	15.45%	< 5% Metro <10% Rural
6. Cash expense cover ratio Current year's cash and cash equivalents plus all term deposits Payments from cash flow of operating and financing activities	7,377 784	9.41 mths	8.1 mths	5.8 mths	> 3 mths

Notes

⁽¹⁾ Excludes fair value adjustments and reversal of revaluation decrements, net gain/(loss) on sale of assets and the net share of interests in joint ventures and associates.

⁽²⁾ Refer Notes 6-8 inclusive.

Also excludes any real estate and land for resale not expected to be sold in the next 12 months.

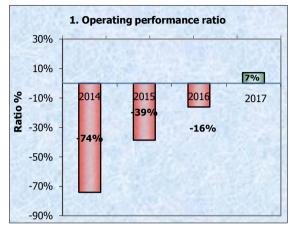
⁽³⁾ Refer to Note 10(a)

⁽⁴⁾ Refer to Note 10(a)(ii) – excludes all payables and provisions not expected to be paid in the next 12 months (incl. ELE).

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 13a(ii). Local government industry indicators – graphs (consolidated)



Purpose of operating performance ratio

This ratio measures Council's achievement of containing operating expenditure within operating revenue.

Commentary on 2016/17 result

2016/17 ratio 6.83%

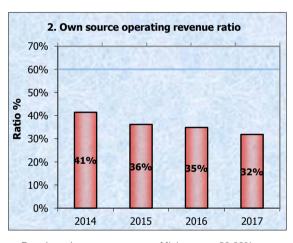
There has been some improvement in this ratio from last year due to inclusion of Financial Assistance Grants received in advance of when related expenditure will occur. Council has undertaken a significant revaluation of its road network and associated depreciation which is expected to continue to provide positive results in this ratio from 2017-18.



Ratio achieves benchmark
Ratio is outside benchmark

Benchmark: ——— Minimum >=0.00%

Source for benchmark: Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting #25



Purpose of own source operating revenue ratio

This ratio measures fiscal flexibility. It is the degree of reliance on external funding sources such as operating grants and contributions.

Commentary on 2016/17 result

2016/17 ratio 31.89%

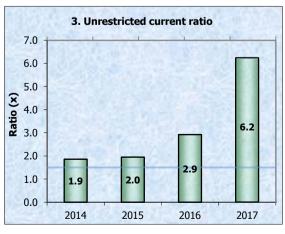
Council does not have sufficient income streams excluding grants and contributions to meet this ratio. Council is working on a special rate variation application to address this shortfall.



Ratio achieves benchmark
Ratio is outside benchmark

Benchmark: ——— Minimum >=60.00%

Source for benchmark: Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting #25



Purpose of unrestricted current ratio

To assess the adequacy of working capital and its ability to satisfy obligations in the short term for the unrestricted activities of Council.

Commentary on 2016/17 result

2016/17 ratio 6.17x

Council continues to operate above the benchmark for this ratio. The 2016-17 result shows a significant improvement on prior years due to inclusion of Financial Assistance Grants received in advance of when the related expenditure will occur.

Benchmark: ——— Minimum >=1.50

Source for benchmark: Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting #25

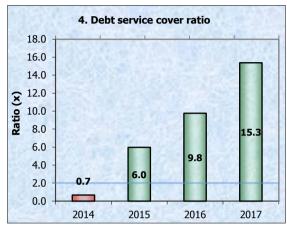


Ratio achieves benchmark
Ratio is outside benchmark

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 13a(ii). Local government industry indicators – graphs (consolidated)



Purpose of debt service cover ratio

This ratio measures the availability of operating cash to service debt including interest, principal and lease payments

Commentary on 2016/17 result

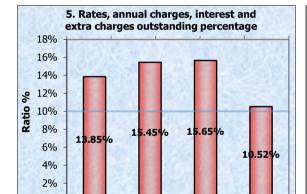
2016/17 ratio 15.26x

The value of outstanding loans has continued to decrease over the 2016/17 year as repayments are made as and when they fall due. Council has not entered into any new loan agreements during this period.

Ratio achieves benchmark
Ratio is outside benchmark



Source for benchmark: Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting #25



Purpose of rates and annual charges outstanding ratio

To assess the impact of uncollected rates and annual charges on Council's liquidity and the adequacy of recovery efforts.

Commentary on 2016/17 result

2016/17 ratio 10.52%

Council has approved new policies in relation to collection of outstanding rates and annual charges, which combined with improved collection procedures has resulted in a significant improvement in this ratio.



2015

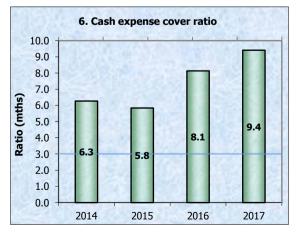
0%

2014

Source for Benchmark: Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting #25

2017

2016



Purpose of cash expense cover ratio

This liquidity ratio indicates the number of months a Council can continue paying for its immediate expenses without additional cash inflow.



Ratio is within Benchmark Ratio is outside Benchmark

Commentary on 2016/17 result

2016/17 ratio 9.41 mths

This ratio has improved from previous financial years due to receipt of part of Council's future years Financial Assistance Grant in advance.

Benchmark: ——— Minimum >=3.00

Source for benchmark: Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting #25



Ratio achieves benchmark
Ratio is outside benchmark

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 13b. Statement of performance measurement – indicators (by fund)

	General	indicators 5	Water i	Water indicators		Sewer indicators	
\$ '000	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Local government industry indicators – by fund							
Operating performance ratio Total continuing operating revenue (1) excluding capital grants and contributions less operating expenses Total continuing operating revenue (1) excluding capital grants and contributions	7.82%	-16.42%	8.75%	8.81%	-36.83%	-91.08%	>0.00%
2. Own source operating revenue ratio Total continuing operating revenue (1) excluding capital grants and contributions Total continuing operating revenue (1)	25.32%	26.69%	99.30%	99.37%	98.20%	97.85%	>60.00%
3. Unrestricted current ratio Current assets less all external restrictions (2) Current liabilities less specific purpose liabilities (3, 4)	6.17x	2.92x	9.94x	10.77x	No liabilities	No liabilities	>1.5x

Notes

^{(1) - (4)} Refer to Notes at Note 13a(i) above.

⁽⁵⁾ General fund refers to all of Council's activities except for its water and sewer activities which are listed separately.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 13b. Statement of performance measurement – indicators (by fund) (continued)

	General i	ndicators 5	Water i	Water indicators		Sewer indicators	
\$ '000	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Local government industry indicators – by fund (continued)							
4. Debt service cover ratio Operating result ⁽¹⁾ before capital excluding interest and depreciation/impairment/amortisation Principal repayments (Statement of Cash Flows) plus borrowing costs (Income Statement)	19.92x	12.07x	3.36x	4.13x	0.00x	0.00x	>2x
5. Rates, annual charges, interest and extra charges outstanding perce Rates, annual and extra charges outstanding Rates, annual and extra charges collectible	ntage 4.79%	9.26%	33.19%	37.42%	0.00%	12.50%	< 5% Metro <10% Rural
6. Cash expense cover ratio Current year's cash and cash equivalents plus all term deposits Payments from cash flow of operating and financing activities x12	9.34 months	7.99 months	0.00 months	0.00 months	0.00 months	0.00 months	> 3 months

Notes

⁽¹⁾ Refer to Notes at Note 13a(i) above.

⁽⁵⁾ General fund refers to all of Council's activities except for its water and sewer activities which are listed separately.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 14. Investment properties

\$ '000

Council has not classified any land or buildings as 'investment properties'.

Note 15. Financial risk management

Risk management

Council's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including (1) price risk, (2) credit risk, (3) liquidity risk and (4) interest rate risk.

The Council's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Council.

Council does not engage in transactions expressed in foreign currencies and is therefore not subject to foreign currency risk.

A comparison by category of the carrying amounts and fair values of Council's financial assets and financial liabilities recognised in the financial statements is presented below.

	Carrying value		Fair v	alue
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	7,377	5,200	7,377	5,200
Investments				
- 'Held to maturity'	_	500	_	500
Receivables	753	806	753	
Total financial assets	8,130	6,506	8,130	5,700
Financial liabilities				
Payables	988	1,713	988	-
Loans/advances	3,063	3,304	3,063	
Total financial liabilities	4,051	5,017	4,051	

Fair value is determined as follows:

- Cash and cash equivalents, receivables, payables are estimated to be the carrying value that approximates
 market value.
- **Borrowings** and **held-to-maturity** investments are based upon estimated future cash flows discounted by the current mkt interest rates applicable to assets and liabilities with similar risk profiles, unless quoted market prices are available.
- Financial assets classified (i) 'at fair value through profit and loss' or (ii) 'available-for-sale' are based upon quoted market prices (in active markets for identical investments) at the reporting date or independent valuation.

Refer to Note 27. Fair value measurement for information regarding the fair value of financial assets and liabilities.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 15. Financial risk management (continued)

\$ '000

Council's objective is to maximise its return on cash and investments whilst maintaining an adequate level of liquidity and preserving capital.

Council's finance area manages the cash and Investments portfolio with the assistance of independent advisors.

Council has an investment policy which complies with the *Local Government Act 1993* and Minister's investment order. This policy is regularly reviewed by Council and it's staff and an investment report is tabled before Council on a monthly basis setting out the portfolio breakup and its performance.

The risks associated with the investments held are:

- Price risk the risk that the capital value of Investments may fluctuate due to changes in market prices, whether there changes are caused by factors specific to individual financial instruments or their issuers or are caused by factors affecting similar instruments traded in a market.
- Interest rate risk the risk that movements in interest rates could affect returns and income.
- Credit risk the risk that the investment counterparty will not complete their obligations particular to a financial instrument, resulting in a financial loss to Council – be it of a capital or income nature.

Council manages these risks (amongst other measures) by diversifying its portfolio and only purchasing investments with high credit ratings or capital guarantees.

Council also seeks advice from independent advisers before placing any funds in cash equivalents and investments.

(a) Market risk – price risk and interest rate risk

The following represents a summary of the sensitivity of Council's Income Statement and accumulated surplus (for the reporting period) due to a change in either the price of a financial asset or the interest rates applicable.

It is assumed that the change in interest rates would have been constant throughout the reporting period.

	Increase of val	ues/rates	Decrease of values/rates		
2017	Profit	Equity	Profit	Equity	
Possible impact of a 1% movement in interest rates	70	70	(70)	(70)	
2016 Possible impact of a 1% movement in interest rates	51	51	(51)	(51)	

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 15. Financial risk management (continued)

\$ '000

(b) Credit risk

Council's major receivables comprise (i) rates and annual charges and (ii) user charges and fees.

The major risk associated with these receivables is credit risk – the risk that debts due and payable to Council may not be repaid in full.

Council manages this risk by monitoring outstanding debt and employing stringent debt recovery procedures. It also encourages ratepayers to pay their rates by the due date through incentives.

Credit risk on rates and annual charges is minimised by the ability of Council to secure a charge over the land relating to the debts – that is, the land can be sold to recover the debt. Council is also able to charge interest on overdue rates and annual charges at higher than market rates which further encourages the payment of debt.

There are no significant concentrations of credit risk, whether through exposure to individual customers, specific industry sectors and/or regions.

The level of outstanding receivables is reported to Council monthly and benchmarks are set and monitored for acceptable collection performance.

Council makes suitable provision for doubtful receivables as required and carries out credit checks on most non-rate debtors.

There are no material receivables that have been subjected to a re-negotiation of repayment terms.

A profile of Council's receivables credit risk at balance date follows:

			2017	2017	2016	2016
			Rates and		Rates and	
			annual	Other	annual	Other
			charges	receivables	charges	receivables
(i) Ageing of	receivables	s - %				
Current (not y	vet overdue)		56%	76%	0%	69%
Overdue			44%	24%	100%	31%
			100%	100%	100%	100%
			Rates and		Rates and	
(ii) Ageing of	f receivable	s – value	annual	Other	annual	Other
Rates and ann	nual charges	Other receivables	charges	receivables	charges	receivables
Current		Current	148	328	62	380
< 1 year overdu	ıe	0 - 30 days overdue	47	102	188	_
1 – 2 years ove	erdue	31 – 60 days overdue	38	33	65	6
2 – 5 years ove	erdue	61 – 90 days overdue	18	27	63	56
> 5 years over	due	> 91 days overdue	13		8	
			264	490	386	442
(iii) Movemer		on for impairment			2017	2016
Balance at the		of the year			22	2
		sed during the year			_	20
 amounts alr 	eady provid	ed for and written off this	s year		(1)	
Balance at th	ne end of th	e year			21	22

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 15. Financial risk management (continued)

\$ '000

(c) Liquidity risk

Payables and borrowings are both subject to liquidity risk – the risk that insufficient funds may be on hand to meet payment obligations as and when they fall due.

Council manages this risk by monitoring its cash flow requirements and liquidity levels and maintaining an adequate cash buffer.

Payment terms can (in extenuating circumstances) also be extended and overdraft facilities utilised as required.

The contractual undiscounted cash outflows (ie. principal and interest) of Council's payables and borrowings are set out in the maturity table below:

\$ '000	Subject							Total	Actual
	to no			payable in:				cash	carrying
	maturity	≤ 1 Year	1-2 Yrs	2-3 Yrs	3-4 Yrs	4-5 Yrs	> 5 Yrs	outflows	values
2017									
Trade/other payables	988	_	-	-	-	-	_	13	988
Loans and advances		461	491	474	505	487	886	3,304	3,063
Total financial liabilities	988	461	491	474	505	487	886	3,317	4,051
2016									
Trade/other payables	8	1,282	12	_	_	_	388	1,690	1,713
Loans and advances	_	433	433	409	409	383	2,150	4,217	3,304
Lease liabilities		231	231	107	5	2		576	
Total financial liabilities	8	1,946	676	516	414	385	2,538	6,483	5,017

Borrowings are also subject to interest rate risk – the risk that movements in interest rates could adversely affect funding costs and debt servicing requirements. Council manages this risk through the diversification of borrowing types, maturities and interest rate structures.

The following interest rates were applicable	20	17	2016		
to Council's borrowings at balance date:	Carrying	Average	Carrying	Average	
	value	interest rate	value	interest rate	
Trade/other payables	988	0.00%	1,713	0.00%	
Loans and advances – fixed interest rate	3,063	6.50%	3,304	6.50%	
	4,051		5,017		

Loan agreement breaches

Nil

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 16. Material budget variations

\$ '000

Council's original financial budget for 16/17 was adopted by the Council on 23/06/2016.

While the Income Statement included in this General Purpose Financial Report must disclose the original budget adopted by Council, the *Local Government Act 1993* requires Council to review its financial budget on a quarterly basis, so that it is able to manage the various variations between actuals versus budget that invariably occur throughout the year.

This note sets out the details of **material variations** between Council's original budget and its actual results for the year as per the Income Statement – even though such variations may have been adjusted for during each quarterly budget review.

Note that for variations* of budget to actual:

Material variations represent those variances that amount to 10% or more of the original budgeted figure.

F = Favourable budget variation, **U** = Unfavourable budget variation

\$ '000	2017 Budget	2017 Actual	2017 Variance*		
REVENUES Rates and annual charges	2,185	2,129	(56)	(3%)	U
User charges and fees	1,470	1,639	169	11%	F

The increase in user charges and fees is due to receipt of unbudgeted revenue from Council's commercial waste management, and also a higher than anticipated increase in water usage charges; higher than budgeted planning fees and reimbursement of Fire Services expenditure, offset by lower than budgeted variations in other user fees and charges.

Interest and investment revenue	113	123	10	9%	F
Other revenues	1,381	905	(476)	(34%)	U

The reduction in other revenue reflects lower than anticipated income associated with Council's aged care facility and also lower than anticipated reimbursements, offset by a reduction in budgeted materials and contracts.

Operating grants and contributions	4,071	6,194	2,123	52%	F
------------------------------------	-------	-------	-------	-----	---

Council received Financial Assistance Grant funding in advance, in addition to higher than budgeted Financial Assistance Grants related to the 2016-17 financial year.

Capital grants and contributions	2,760	3,651	891	32%	F
----------------------------------	-------	-------	-----	-----	---

Council received unbudgeted grant funding from NSW Government to assist with infrastructure work following recent flood damage (\$500K), in addition to higher than anticpated Roads to Recovery funding (\$300k).

Net gains from disposal of assets	189	-	(189)	(100)%	U
Net dallis irolli disposal oi assets	103		11001	(1001/0	•

This unfavourable variance reflects the difference between budgeted figures prepared on a guess basis and actual net figures.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 16. Material budget variations (continued)

\$ '000	2017 Budget	2017 Actual				
EXPENSES Employee benefits and on-costs	3,959	4,233	(274)	(7%)	U	
Borrowing costs	193	201	(8)	(4%)	U	
Materials and contracts	1,689	1,953	(264)	(16%)	U	

This unfavourable variance reflects lower than anticipated expenditures on hazard reduction projects, offset by a reduction in revenues for this purpose; and lower than anticipated, expenditure on road maintenance projects.

Depreciation and amortisation	5,475	5,569	(94)	(2%)	U
Other expenses	1,523	1,346	177	12%	F

The favourable variance for this category reflects an underspend in some expenditure line items which has been offset by overspends in others. There is no significant expenditure item that has given rise to this variance.

Budget variations relating to Council's Cash Flow Statement include:

Cash flows from operating activities	1,978	6,286	4,308	217.8%	F
Cash flows from investing activities	(4,303)	(4,368)	(65)	1.5%	U
Cash flows from financing activities	(241)	(241)	-	0.0%	F

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 17. Statement of Developer Contributions

\$ '000

Council currently has no S94 Developer Contribution Plans or S94 Funds on hand from prior years.

Note 18. Contingencies and other assets/liabilities not recognised

The following assets and liabilities do not qualify for recognition in the Statement of Financial Position, but their knowledge and disclosure is considered relevant to the users of Council's financial report.

LIABILITIES NOT RECOGNISED:

1. Guarantees

(i) Defined benefit superannuation contribution plans

Council participates in an employer-sponsored defined benefit superannuation scheme, and makes contributions as determined by the superannuation scheme's trustees.

Member councils bear responsibility of ensuring there are sufficient funds available to pay out the required benefits as they fall due.

The schemes most recent full actuarial review indicated that the net assets of the scheme were not sufficient to meet the accrued benefits of the schemes defined benefit member category with member councils required to make significantly higher contributions in future years.

The Local Government Superannuation Scheme however is unable to provide Council with an accurate estimate of its share of the net deficit and accordingly Council has not recorded any net liability from it's defined benefit scheme obligations in accordance with AASB 119.

Future contributions made to the defined benefit scheme to rectify the net deficit position will be recognised as an expense when they become payable – similar to the accounting for defined contributions plans.

(ii) Statewide Limited

Council is a member of Statewide Mutual, a mutual pool scheme providing liability insurance to local government.

Membership includes the potential to share in either the net assets or liabilities of the fund depending on its past performance. Council's share of the net assets or liabilities reflects Council's contributions to the pool and the result of insurance claims within each of the fund years.

The future realisation and finalisation of claims incurred but not reported to 30/6 this year may result in future liabilities or benefits as a result of past events that Council will be required to fund or share in respectively.

(iii) StateCover Limited

Council is a member of StateCover Mutual Limited and holds a partly paid share in the entity.

StateCover is a company providing workers compensation insurance cover to the NSW local government industry and specifically Council.

Council has a contingent liability to contribute further equity in the event of the erosion of the company's capital base as a result of the company's past performance and/or claims experience or as a result of any increased prudential requirements from APRA.

These future equity contributions would be required to maintain the company's minimum level of net assets in accordance with its licence requirements.

Council has provided no other guarantees other than those listed above.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 18. Contingencies and other assets/liabilities not recognised (continued)

\$ '000

LIABILITIES NOT RECOGNISED (continued):

2. Other liabilities

(i) Third party claims

The Council is involved from time to time in various claims incidental to the ordinary course of business including claims for damages relating to its services.

Council believes that it is appropriately covered for all claims through its insurance coverage and does not expect any material liabilities to eventuate.

(ii) Sale of Caltex Service Station Land and Buildings

Council has a contingent liability in relation to the sale of the above. Council has agreed that, as part of the sales finalisation process, it will contribute towards the cost of the purchaser's legal fees and Caltex's costs for non-fixed assets. This contingent liability is expected to be in the order of \$150,000.

ASSETS NOT RECOGNISED:

(i) Land under roads

As permitted under AASB 1051, Council has elected not to bring to account land under roads that it owned or controlled up to and including 30/6/08.

(ii) Rural fire fighting assets

Council has title to, and is the registered owner of, 18 rural fire appliances and associated rural fire fighting equipment. These assets are under the control of the Rural Fire Service to enable that Department to provide the bushfire protection defences set out in their Service Level Agreement with Council, and accordingly have not been recognised in these reports

In accordance with normal Rural Fire Service funding arrangements, Council continues to contribute to the costs of maintenance of this equipment.

Note 19. Interests in other entities

Council has no interest in any controlled entities, joint arrangements or associates.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 20. Retained earnings, revaluation reserves, changes in accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors

\$ '000	Notes	Actual 2017	Actual 2016
(a) Retained earnings			
Movements in retained earnings were as follows:			
Balance at beginning of year (from previous years audited accounts)		44,302	44,866
a. Correction of prior period errors	20 (c)		_
b. Net operating result for the year		1,737	(564)
Balance at end of the reporting period		46,039	44,302
(b) Revaluation reserves			
(i) Reserves are represented by:			
 Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment revaluation reserve 		71,567	54,279
Total		71,567	54,279
(ii) Reconciliation of movements in reserves:			
Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment revaluation rese	rve		
 Opening balance 		54,279	53,108
 Revaluations for the year 	9(a)	17,288	1,540
 Correction of prior period errors 	20(c)		(369)
- Balance at end of year		71,567	54,279
TOTAL VALUE OF RESERVES		71,567	54,279

(iii) Nature and purpose of reserves

Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment revaluation reserve

 The infrastructure, property, plant and equipment revaluation reserve is used to record increments/decrements of non-current asset values due to their revaluation.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 20. Retained earnings, revaluation reserves, changes in accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors (continued)

\$ '000 Notes	Actual 2017	Actual 2016
(c) Correction of error/s relating to a previous reporting period		
Correction of errors as disclosed in last year's financial statements:		
Assets included in Road revaluations for 2014/15 had assets included from other asset classes and were duplicated	_	(369)
In accordance with AASB 108 – Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors, the above prior period errors have been recognised retrospectively.		
These amounted to the following equity adjustments:		
- Adjustments to opening equity - 1/7/15	_	-
(relating to adjustments for the 30/6/15 reporting year end and prior periods) - Adjustments to closing equity - 30/6/16		(369)
(relating to adjustments for the 30/6/16 year end. Adjustment for estimated change to asset values not released)		(369)
Total prior period adjustments – prior period errors		

(d) Voluntary changes in accounting policies

Council made no voluntary changes in any accounting policies during the year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 21. Financial result and financial position by fund

\$ '000 Continuing operations Income from continuing operations Rates and annual charges User charges and fees	2017 Water 476 462	2017 Sewer 259	General ¹
Income from continuing operations Rates and annual charges	476		General ¹
Income from continuing operations Rates and annual charges	476		
Rates and annual charges		259	
<u> </u>			1,394
		7	1,170
Interest and investment revenue	17	42	64
Other revenues	44	20	841
Grants and contributions provided for operating purposes	7	6	9,470
Grants and contributions provided for capital purposes	_	_	762
Other income			
Net gains from disposal of assets	_	_	(2)
Share of interests in joint ventures and associates			, ,
using the equity method	_	_	_
Total income from continuing operations	1,006	334	13,699
Expenses from continuing operations			
Employee benefits and on-costs	156	47	4,030
Borrowing costs	63	_	138
Materials and contracts	291	94	1,568
Depreciation and amortisation	291	201	5,077
Impairment	_	_	_
Other expenses	117	115	1,114
Total expenses from continuing operations	918	457	11,927
Operating result from continuing operations	88	(123)	1,772
<u>Discontinued operations</u>			
Net profit/(loss) from discontinued operations			
Net operating result for the year	88	(123)	1,772
Net operating result attributable to each council fund	88	(123)	1,772
Net operating result attributable to non-controlling interests	_	-	_
Net operating result for the year before grants and contributions provided for capital purposes	88	(123)	(1,010

¹ General fund refers to all Council's activities other than Water and Sewer.
NB. All amounts disclosed above are gross – that is, they include internal charges and recoveries made between the funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

as at 30 June 2017

Note 21. Financial result and financial position by fund (continued)

Statement of Financial Position by fund \$'000	Actual 2017	Actual 2017	Actual 2017
ASSETS	Water	Sewer	General ¹
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	611	1,296	5,470
Investments			
Receivables	244	31	478
Inventories	_	_	76
Other			500
Total current assets	855	1,327	6,524
Non-current assets			
Investments	_	_	_
Receivables	_	_	_
Inventories	_	_	_
Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	8,368	7,676	97,698
Investments accounted for using the equity method	_	_	_
Intangible assets			260
Total non-current assets	8,368	7,676	97,958
TOTAL ASSETS	9,223	9,003	104,482
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Payables	6	_	856
Income received in advance	_	_	81
Borrowings	80	_	177
Provisions			733
Total current liabilities	86		1,847
Non-current liabilities			
Payables	_	_	126
Borrowings	891	_	1,915
Provisions			237
Total non-current liabilities	891_	<u> </u>	2,278
TOTAL LIABILITIES	977		4,125
Net assets	8,246	9,003	100,357
EQUITY			
Retained earnings	2,972	2,878	40,190
Revaluation reserves	5,274	6,125	60,167
Total equity	8,246	9,003	100,357
· otal oquity			.00,001

General Fund refers to all Council's activities other than Water and Sewer.
 NB. All amounts disclosed above are gross – that is, they include internal receivables and payables between the funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 22. 'Held for sale' non-current assets and disposal groups

\$ '000				
\$'000	2017 Current	2017 Non-current	2016 Current	2016 Non-Current
Land and buildings (Caltex Service Station)	500	-	-	-

Note 23. Events occurring after the reporting date

Events that occur between the end of the reporting period (30 June 2017) and the date when the financial statements are 'authorised for issue' have been taken into account in preparing these statements.

Council has adopted the date of receipt of the Auditors' Report as the applicable 'authorised for issue' date relating to these General Purpose Financial Statements.

Accordingly, the 'authorised for issue' date is 31/10/17.

Events that occur after the reporting period represent one of two types:

(i) Events that provide evidence of conditions that existed at the reporting period

These financial statements (and the figures therein) incorporate all 'adjusting events' that provided evidence of conditions that existed at 30 June 2017.

(ii) Events that provide evidence of conditions that arose after the reporting period

These financial statements (and figures therein) do not incorporate any 'non-adjusting events' that have occurred after 30 June 2017 and which are only indicative of conditions that arose after 30 June 2017.

Council is unaware of any material or significant 'non-adjusting events' that should be disclosed. Note 24. Discontinued operations

Council has not classified any of its operations as 'discontinued'.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 25. Intangible assets

\$ '000	Actual 2017	Actual 2016
Intangible assets represent identifiable non-monetary assets without physical s	ubstance.	
Intangible assets are as follows:		
Opening values:		
Gross book value (1/7)	260	260
Accumulated amortisation (1/7)	_	_
Accumulated impairment (1/7)		
Net book value – opening balance	260	260
Closing values:		
Gross book value (30/6)	260	260
Accumulated amortisation (30/6)	_	_
Accumulated impairment (30/6)	_	_
TOTAL INTANGIBLE ASSETS – NET BOOK VALUE 1	260	260
^{1.} The net book value of intangible assets represent:		
3 3 a		
- Bidgee Haven Hostel (bed licences)	260	260
	260	260

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 26. Reinstatement, rehabilitation and restoration liabilities

\$ '000			
Asset/operation	Estimated year of restoration	NPV (2017	of provision 2016
Gravel Pits (x46) Balance at end of the reporting period	10(a)	170 170	170 170

Council has a legal obligation to rehabilitate a number of gravel pits within its Shire. The exact number of gravel pits requiring rehabilitation and extent of work required is still being assessed and the costs of this cannot reliably be estimated at this time. Council has initially recognised a liability of \$170,000 to meet this obligation and has continued to include funds in its annual budget to undertake ongoing work. Unexpended funds at year end provided for this purpose are internally restricted. Council believes this is a prudent approach to meet what is an emerging cost pressure.

Reconciliation of movement in provision for year:

Balance at beginning of year	170	123
Amounts capitalised to new or existing assets:		
Effect of a change in other calculation estimates used		47
Total – reinstatement, rehabilitation and restoration provision	170	170

Provisions for close down and restoration and for environmental clean up costs – tips and quarries

Rehabilitation

Where rehabilitation is conducted systematically over the life of the operation, rather than at the time of closure, provision is made for the estimated outstanding continuous rehabilitation work at each reporting date and the cost is charged to the Income Statement.

Provision is made for the estimated present value of the costs of environmental clean up obligations outstanding at the reporting date. These costs are charged to the Income Statement. Movements in the environmental clean up provisions are presented as an operating cost, except for the unwinding of the discount which is shown as a borrowing cost.

Remediation procedures generally commence soon after the time the damage, remediation process and estimated remediation costs become known, but may continue for many years depending on the nature of the disturbance and the remediation techniques.

As noted above, the ultimate cost of environmental remediation is uncertain and cost estimates can vary in response to many factors including changes to the relevant legal requirements, the emergence of new restoration techniques or experience at other locations. The expected timing of expenditure can also change, for example in response to changes in quarry reserves or production rates. As a result there could be significant adjustments to the provision for close down and restoration and environmental clean up, which would affect future financial results.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 27. Fair value measurement

\$ '000

The Council measures the following asset and liability classes at fair value on a recurring basis:

- Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment

The fair value of assets and liabilities must be estimated in accordance with various accounting standards for either recognition and measurement requirements or for disclosure purposes.

AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement requires all assets and liabilities measured at fair value to be assigned to a 'level' in the fair value hierarchy as follows:

Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

(1) The following table presents all assets and liabilities that have been measured and recognised at fair values:

ran values.	Fair value measurement hierarchy			
2017	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	Quoted	Significant	Significant	
Recurring fair value measurements	prices in	observable	unobservable	
	active mkts	inputs	inputs	
Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment				
WIP	_	_	871	_
Plant and equipment	_	_	1,990	_
Office equipment	_	_	67	_
Furniture and fittings	_	_	60	_
Land – operational	_	_	1,478	_
Land community	_	_	498	_
Land improvements	_	_	680	_
Buildings specialised	_	_	290	_
Buildings non – specialised	_	_	10,944	_
Other structures	_	_	7,520	_
Roads and bridges	_	_	66,999	_
Kerb and channels	_	_	3,345	_
Footpaths	_	_	911	_
Stormwater drainage	_	_	1,923	_
Water supply network	_	_	8,078	_
Sewerage network	_	_	7,182	_
Swimming pools	_	_	653	_
Other			253	
Total infrastructure, property, plant and equipment			113,742	_

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 27. Fair value measurement (continued)

\$ '000

(1) The following table presents all assets and liabilities that have been measured and recognised at fair values: (continued)

		Fair value measurement hierarchy			
2016		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	Date	Quoted	Significant	Significant	
Recurring fair value measurements	of latest	prices in	observable	unobservable	
	valuation	active mkts	inputs	inputs	
Infrastructure, property, plant and equipme	ent				
WIP	30/06/16	_	_	552	552
Plant and equipment	30/06/16	_	_	1,931	1,931
Office equipment	30/06/16	_	_	36	36
Furniture and fittings	30/06/16	_	_	53	53
Land – operational	30/06/14	_	_	1,356	1,356
Land community	30/06/16	_	_	498	498
Land improvements	dd/mm/yy	_	_	568	568
Buildings specialised	30/06/14	_	_	242	242
Buildings non – specialised	30/06/14	_	_	11,098	11,098
Other structures	30/06/16	_	_	7,488	7,488
Roads and bridges	30/06/15	_	_	52,769	52,769
Kerb and channels	30/06/15	_	_	2,831	2,831
Footpaths	30/06/15	_	_	931	931
Stormwater drainage	30/06/15	_	_	2,044	2,044
Water supply network	30/06/16	_	_	7,033	7,033
Sewerage network	30/06/16	_	_	6,767	6,767
Swimming pools	30/06/14	_	_	693	693
Other	30/06/14			511_	511
Total infrastructure, property, plant and eq	uipment	_	_	97,401	97,901

(2) Transfers between level 1 and level 2 fair value hierarchies

During the year, there were no transfers between level 1 and level 2 fair value hierarchies for recurring fair value measurements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 27. Fair value measurement (continued)

(3) Valuation techniques used to derive Level 2 and Level 3 Fair Values

Where Council is unable to derive Fair Valuations using quoted market prices of identical assets (ie. Level 1 inputs), Council instead utilises a spread of both observable inputs (Level 2 inputs) and unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs).

The Fair Valuation techniques Council has employed while utilising Level 2 and Level 3 inputs are as follows:

Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment

Plant Equipment, Office Equipment and Furniture & Fittings

Plant & equipment, Office Equipment and Furniture & fittings are valued at cost but are disclosed at fair value in the notes. The carrying amount of these assets is assumed to approximate fair value due to the nature of the items. Examples of assets within these classes area as follows:

- Plant & equipment- Graders, Trucks, rollers, tractors and motor vehicles.
- Office equipment- Computers, photocopies, calculators etc.
- Furniture &Fittings- Chairs, desks and display boards.

There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

Operational & Community Land

Operational & community Land are based on either the Land Value provided by the Valuer General or an average unit rate based on the Land value for similar properties where the Valuer General did not provide a Land Value having regard the highest and best use of the Land. Operational Land is based on the Valuer General's land value as these are represented of the actual market values in the Balranald Shire LGA. As these rates were not considered to be observable market evidence they have been classified at a level 3.

Buildings- Non Specialised & Specialised

Non- Specialised & Specialised Buildings have been valued externally using Herron Todd (Murray Riverina) Pty Ltd, 185 Annesley Street, Eucha using the cost approach. The approach estimated the replacement cost of each building by componentising the building into significant parts. While all buildings were physically inspected and the

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 27. Fair value measurement (continued)

unit rates based on square market based evidence (level) 2 could not be established. As such these assets were classified as having been valued as Level 3 valuation inputs.

While these costs were current and the impact of depreciable negligible, the building has been classified as level 3 as they are immaterial in relation to the overall value of the asset type.

There had been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

Other structures

Other structures comprise of aerodrome runway, lighting, irrigation systems and fencing etc. and have been valued externally using Herron Todd white (Murray Riverina) Pty Ltd, 185 Annesley Street Echua using the cost approach. The approach estimated the replacement cost of the asset by componentising the asset into significant parts. No market evidence (Level 2) inputs are available therefore Level 3 valuation inputs were used for this asset class.

There had been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

Roads, Bridges, Footpaths & Drainage Infrastructure.

Roads comprise roads carriageway, roadside shoulders & Kerb and Gutter and Channels. Bridges comprised of Bridges and Major Culverts. All these asset classes were valued by Malcolm Styles (Engineering Management Styles) Gold Square Victoria for the period ending 30th June 2017. The approach estimated the replacement cost for each asset by componentising the assets into significant parts using Balranald Shire Council's internal data base of costs. From field observations taken during this revaluation most of the unsealed road network has been reclassified from a formed and paved road asset to a formed only road asset. Further, the useful life of formations was changed to better align with the useful lives of formations by neighbouring Councils No market based evidence (level 2) inputs are available therefore Level 3 valuation inputs were used for this asset class.

Apart from reclassifying certain components of the road network, there had been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 27. Fair value measurement (continued)

Water Supply Network

Assets within this class comprise reservoirs, pumping stations and water pipelines.

The cost approach estimated the replacement cost for each asset by componentising the asset into significant parts with different useful lives and taking into account a range of factors. All Water Supply Network Assets were valued by Brian Ebery, Consulting Engineer, Mitchell St Swan Hill with effective date 30 June 2017. This valuation is based on inventory information provided by Council validated by onsite inspections and CCTV data. These assets have been valued with an updated unit rate from the 2017 NSW reference rates manual for the valuation of water supply, sewerage and stormwater assets, The Institute of Public Works Engineering Australia, The Australian Infrastructure Financial Management, guidelines and practice notes, and estimates and rates obtained in a competitive market. While the until rate is based on linear metres of certain diameter pipes and prices per pit or similar may be supported from market evidence (Level 2) other inputs (such as estimates of pattern of consumption, residual value, asset condition and useful life) required extensive professional judgement and impacted significantly on the final determination of fair value. Additionally due to limitations in the historical records of very long lived assets there is uncertainty regarding the actual design, specifications and dimensions of some assets. These assets are indexed each year in line with the NSW Reference Rates Manual as publish by the Office of Water.

For the year ending 30 June 2017, the only change to the valuation process has been to utilise CCTV internal inspection to ascertain a more accurate measure of asset deterioration and remaining useful life, There has been no other change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

Sewerage Network

Assets within this class comprise treatment works, pumping stations and, sewerage mains. The 'Cost Approach' estimated the replacement cost for each asset by componentising the assets into significant parts with different useful lives and taking into account a range of factors. All Sewerage Network Assets were valued by Brian Ebery, Consulting Engineer, Mitchell St Swan Hill with effective date 30 June 2017. This valuation is based on inventory information provided by Council validated by onsite inspections and CCTV data. These assets have been valued with an updated unit rate from the 2017 NSW reference rates manual for the valuation of water supply, sewerage and stormwater assets, The Institute of Public Works Engineering Australia, The Australian Infrastructure Financial Management, guidelines and practice notes, and estimates and rates obtained in a competitive market. While the unit rates based on linear metres of certain diameter pipes and prices per pit or similar may be supported from market evidence (Level 2) other inputs (such as estimates of pattern of consumption, residual value, asset condition and useful life) required extensive professional judgement and impacted significantly on the final determination of fair value. Additionally due to limitations in the historical records of very long lived assets there is uncertainty regarding the actual design, specifications and dimensions of some assets. These assets are indexed each year in line with the NSW Reference Rates Manual as publish by the Office of Water.

For the year ending 30 June 2017, the only change to the valuation process has been to utilise CCTV internal inspection to ascertain a more accurate measure of asset deterioration and remaining useful life, There has been no other change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 27. Fair value measurement (continued)

Swimming Pools

Assets within this class comprise Council's outdoor swimming pool. The swimming pool was valued in-house by experienced staff in Council's Health & Development Department using the cost approach. The approach estimated the replacement cost for each pool by componentising its significant parts. While some elements of gross replacement values may be supported from market evidence (Level 2 input) other inputs (such as estimates of pattern of consumption, residual value, asset condition and useful life) required extensive professional judgement and impacted significantly on the final determination of fair value.

There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

Other Open Space/Recreational Assets

Assets within this class comprise synthetic & turf surfaces, lighting, playground equipment etc. All assets in Other Structures were valued in-house by experienced engineering staff. While some elements of gross replacement values may be supported from market evidence (Level 2 input) other inputs (such as estimates of pattern of consumption, residual value, asset condition and useful life) required extensive professional judgement and impacted significantly on the final determination of fair value.

There has been no change to the valuation process during the reporting period.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 27. Fair value measurement (continued)

\$ '000

(4). Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3)

a. The following tables present the changes in level 3 fair value asset classes.

	Plant and Equipment	Office equipment	Furniture and fittings	Operational land	Total
Opening balance – 1/7/15	2,135	39	60	890	3,124
Transfers from/(to) another asset class Purchases (GBV) Disposals (WDV) Depreciation and impairment Transfer to assets held for sale Closing balance – 30/6/16	224 (50) (378) 	12 - (15)	- - (7) - 53	566 - - (100) 1,356	566 236 (50) (400) (100) 3,376
Transfers from/(to) another asset class Purchases (GBV) Disposals (WDV) Depreciation and impairment	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -
Closing balance - 30/6/17	1,931	36	53	1,356	3,376
	Community land	Land Improvements	Buildings non specialised	Buildings specialised	Total
Opening balance – 1/7/15	1,046	568	11,886	248	13,748
Transfers from/(to) another asset class Purchases (GBV) Disposals (WDV) Depreciation and impairment Revaluations	(566) - - - 18	- - - -	149 163 (15) (685)	- - (6) -	(417) 163 (15) (691) 18
Closing balance - 30/6/16	498	568	11,498	242	12,806
Transfers from/(to) another asset class Purchases (GBV) Disposals (WDV) Depreciation and impairment Revaluations	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Closing balance – 30/6/17	498	568	11,498	242	12,806

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 27. Fair value measurement (continued)

\$ '000

(4). Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3) (continued)

a. The following tables present the changes in level 3 fair value asset classes. (continued)

	Other structures	Roads and gutter	Kerb	Footpaths	Total
Opening balance – 1/7/15	6,238	53,058	2,884	927	63,107
Transfers from/(to) another asset class Purchases (GBV) Disposals (WDV) Depreciation and impairment Revaluations	(113) 434 (80) (185) 1,194	114 3,244 (12) (3,635)	_ _ _ (53) _	37 - (33)	1 3,715 (92) (3,906) 1,194
Closing balance – 30/6/16	7,488	52,769	2,831	931	64,019
Purchases (GBV) Disposals (WDV) Depreciation and impairment Revaluations	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Closing balance - 30/6/17	7,488	52,769	2,831	931	64,019
	Stormwater drainage	Water supply network	Sewer network	Swimming pool and other	Total
Opening balance – 1/7/15	2,075	7,244	6,968	740	17,027
Purchases (GBV) Disposals (WDV) Depreciation and impairment Adjustments and transfers Revaluations	(31) - -	38 (421) - - 172	17 (392) - 9 165	8 - (55) - -	63 (813) (86) 9 337
Closing balance - 30/6/16	2,044	7,033	6,767	693	16,537
Purchases (GBV) Disposals (WDV) Depreciation and impairment Adjustments and transfers Revaluations	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Closing balance – 30/6/17	2,044	7,033	6,767	693	16,537

(5). Highest and best use

All of Council's non-financial assets are considered as being utilised for their highest and best use.

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 28. Related party disclosures

\$ '000

a. Key management personnel

Key management personnel (KMP) of the council are those persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the council, directly or indirectly.

Actual

The aggregate amount of KMP compensation included in the Income Statement is:

	7101001
Compensation:	2017
Short-term benefits	606
Post-employment benefits	_
Other long-term benefits	_
Termination benefits	_
Total	606

b. Other transactions with KMP and their related parties

Council has determined that transactions at arm's length between KMP and Council as part of Council delivering a public service objective (e.g. access to library or Council swimming pool by KMP) will not be disclosed.

c. Other related party transactions

Nil

Notes to the Financial Statements as at 30 June 2017

Note 29. Segment reporting

4 1000	Nata	Actual	Actual
\$ '000	Notes	2017	2016
Residential Aged Care: Bidgee Ha	ven Hostel		
INCOME STATEMENT			
Income from Continuing Operations			
Residential Fees		259	239
Respite Care Subsidies		439	657
Entry Contributins (Retention Only)		9	
Interest on entry Contributions		7	
Inventories			
Other		1	26
Total Income from Continuing Operations		716	922
Expenses from Continuing Operations			
Employee Costs		829	955
Consultancy Costs		115	2
Care and Catering Costs		56	47
Cleaning and Laundry Expenses		10	14
Administration Cost		100	100
Repairs and Maintenance		62	30
Insurance		15	14
Utilites Costs		36	27
General Expenses		12	16
Depreciation		68	60
Other		<u> </u>	
Total Expenses from Continuing Operations		1,304	1,366
OPERATING RESULT FORM CONTINUING OPER	AITONS	(588)	(444)
NET OPERATING RESULT FOR THE Y	EAR	(588)	(444)

Notes to the Financial Statement as at 30 June 2017

Note 29. Segment reporting Residential Aged Care: Bidgee Haven Hostel Statement of Financial Position 30 June 2017

	Actual	Actual
\$ '000	2017	2016
ACCETO		
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	_	000
Investments	111	389
Non-current assets classified as 'held for sale'		
Total current assets	111	389
Non-current assets		
Office Equipment	30	7
Plant and Equipment		
Furniture and Fittings	13	11
Buildings	1,090	1,143
Intangible assets	260	260
Total non-current assets	1,396	1,421
TOTAL ASSETS	1,507	1,810
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Provisions	34	74
Subsidy from Council	634	29
Total current liabilities	668	103
Non-current liabilities		
Provisions	5	7
Hostel Bonds	111	389
Total non-current liabilities	116	396
TOTAL LIABILITIES	784	499
Net assets	723	1,311
EQUITY		
Retained earnings B/FWD	757	1,323
Adjustment to Retained earnings B/FWD due to accounting error	. 01	(122)
Revaluation reserves	554	554
Operating result for year	(588)	(444)
Non-controlling equity interests	(000)	(+++)
	700	4 044
Total equity	723	1,311



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the general purpose financial statements Balranald Shire Council

To the Councillors of the Balranald Shire Council

Opinion

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of Balranald Shire Council (the Council), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2017, the income statement, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the Statement by Councillors and Management.

In my opinion,

- the Council's accounting records have been kept in accordance with the requirements of the Local Government Act 1993, Chapter 13, Part 3, Division 2 (the Division)
- the financial statements:
 - have been presented, in all material respects, in accordance with the requirements of this Division
 - are consistent with the Council's accounting records
 - present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Council as at 30 June 2017, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards
- all information relevant to the conduct of the audit has been obtained
- no material deficiencies in the accounting records or financial statements have come to light during the audit.

My opinion should be read in conjunction with the rest of this report.

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under the standards are described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements' section of my report.

I am independent of the Council in accordance with the requirements of the:

- Australian Auditing Standards
- Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 'Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants' (APES 110).

I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with APES 110.

Parliament promotes independence by ensuring the Auditor-General and the Audit Office of New South Wales are not compromised in their roles by:

- providing that only Parliament, and not the executive government, can remove an Auditor-General
- mandating the Auditor-General as auditor of councils
- precluding the Auditor-General from providing non-audit services.

I believe the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Other Matter

The financial statements of the Council for the year ended 30 June 2016 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements on 4 November 2016.

The Councillors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Councillors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Local Government Act 1993*, and for such internal control as the Councillors determine is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Councillors must assess the Council's ability to continue as a going concern except where the Council will be dissolved or amalgamated by an Act of Parliament. The assessment must disclose, as applicable, matters related to going concern and the appropriateness of using the going concern basis of accounting.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to:

- obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error
- issue an Independent Auditor's Report including my opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect material misstatements. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions users take based on the financial statements.

A description of my responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar3.pdf. The description forms part of my auditor's report.

My opinion does *not* provide assurance:

- that the Council carried out its activities effectively, efficiently and economically
- on the Original Budget information included in the Income Statement, Statement of Cash Flows, Note 2(a) and Note 16 budget variation explanations
- on the attached Special Schedules
- about the security and controls over the electronic publication of the audited financial statements on any website where they may be presented
- about any other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from the financial statements.

Karen Taylor

Director, Financial Audit Services

31 October 2017 SYDNEY

SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2017

COMMITTED TO BALRANALD SHIRE, PROVIDING FOR OUR PEOPLE PROTECTING OUR HERITAGE, AND PLANNING FOR OUR FUTURE



Special Purpose Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Contents	Page
1. Statement by Councillors and Management	2
2. Special Purpose Financial Statements:	
Income Statement – Water Supply Business Activity Income Statement – Sewerage Business Activity Income Statement – Other Business Activities	3 4 n/a
Statement of Financial Position – Water Supply Business Activity Statement of Financial Position – Sewerage Business Activity Statement of Financial Position – Other Business Activities	5 6 n/a
3. Notes to the Special Purpose Financial Statements	7
4. Auditor's Report	16

Background

- (i) These Special Purpose Financial Statements have been prepared for the use by both Council and the Office of Local Government in fulfilling their requirements under National Competition Policy.
- (ii) The principle of competitive neutrality is based on the concept of a 'level playing field' between persons/entities competing in a market place, particularly between private and public sector competitors.
 - Essentially, the principle is that government businesses, whether Commonwealth, state or local, should operate without net competitive advantages over other businesses as a result of their public ownership.
- (iii) For Council, the principle of competitive neutrality and public reporting applies only to declared business activities.
 - These include (a) those activities classified by the Australian Bureau of Statistics as business activities being water supply, sewerage services, abattoirs, gas production and reticulation, and (b) those activities with a turnover of more than \$2 million that Council has formally declared as a business activity (defined as Category 1 activities).
- (iv) In preparing these financial statements for Council's self-classified Category 1 businesses and ABS-defined activities, councils must (a) adopt a corporatisation model and (b) apply full cost attribution including tax-equivalent regime payments and debt guarantee fees (where the business benefits from Council's borrowing position by comparison with commercial rates).

Special Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2017

Statement by Councillors and Management
made pursuant to the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting

The attached Special Purpose Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with:

- the NSW Government Policy Statement 'Application of National Competition Policy to Local Government',
- the Division of Local Government Guidelines 'Pricing and Costing for Council Businesses A Guide to Competitive Neutrality',
- the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting,
- the NSW Office of Water Best-Practice Management of Water and Sewerage Guidelines.

To the best of our knowledge and belief, these financial statements:

- present fairly the operating result and financial position for each of Council's declared business activities for the year, and
- accord with Council's accounting and other records.

We are not aware of any matter that would render these statements false or misleading in any way.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of Council made o 21 September 2017.

Cr Leigh Byron

Mayor

Cr Jeff Mann Councillor

Charmaine Murfet

Aaron Drenovski General Manager

Responsible accounting officer

Income Statement of Council's Water Supply Business Activity for the year ended 30 June 2017

Total income from continuing operations	\$ '000	Actual 2017	Actual 2016
Access charges 476 457 User charges 462 357 Fees — — Interest 17 5 Grants and contributions provided for non-capital purposes 7 7 Profit from the sale of assets — — Share of profit from equity accounted investment — — Other income 44 7 Total income from continuing operations 1,006 1,113 Expenses from continuing operations 156 150 Borrowing costs 63 47 Materials and contracts 291 28 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment 291 421 Water purchase charges 11 15 Calculated taxation equivalents — — Other expenses 106 102 Total expenses from continuing operations before capital amounts 88 98 Grants and contributions provided for capital purposes — — Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations after capital amounts 88 98 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
User charges 462 637 Fees — — Interest 17 5 Grants and contributions provided for non-capital purposes 7 7 Profit from the sale of assets — — Share of profit from equity accounted investment — — Other income 44 7 Total income from continuing operations 1,006 1,113 Expenses from continuing operations 156 150 Employee benefits and on-costs 63 47 Materials and contracts 291 280 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment 291 220 Water purchase charges 11 15 Calculated taxation equivalents — — Other expenses 106 102 Total expenses from continuing operations 918 1,015 Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations before capital amounts 88 98 Grants and contributions provided for capital purposes — — Surplus (deficit) from discontinued operations after capital a		470	457
Fees	_		
Interest	-	462	637
Grants and contributions provided for non-capital purposes 7 7 Profit from the sale of assets — — Share of profit from equity accounted investment — — Other income 44 7 Total income from continuing operations 1,006 1,113 Expenses from continuing operations 5 156 150 Employee benefits and on-costs 63 47 47 Materials and contracts 291 280 280 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment 291 421 421 Water purchase charges 11 15 15 102 120 Calculated taxation equivalents —		-	_
Profit from the sale of assets			
Share of profit from equity accounted investment —	·	7	7
Other income 44 7 Total income from continuing operations 1,006 1,113 Expenses from continuing operations Employee benefits and on-costs 156 150 Borrowing costs 63 47 291 280 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment 291 220 291 220 Water purchase charges 11 15 15 150 102 12 14 11 15 15 150 102 291 421	Profit from the sale of assets	_	_
Total income from continuing operations	Share of profit from equity accounted investment	_	_
Expenses from continuing operations Employee benefits and on-costs Borrowing costs 63 47 Materials and contracts 291 280 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment 291 421 Water purchase charges 111 15 Calculated taxation equivalents Other expenses 106 102 Total expenses from continuing operations 111 105 Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations before capital amounts 88 98 Grants and contributions provided for capital purposes Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations after capital amounts 88 98 Surplus (deficit) from discontinued operations	Other income	44	7
Employee benefits and on-costs 156 150 Borrowing costs 63 47 Materials and contracts 291 280 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment 291 421 Water purchase charges 111 15 Calculated taxation equivalents - - Other expenses 106 102 Total expenses from continuing operations 918 1,015 Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations before capital amounts 88 98 Grants and contributions provided for capital purposes - - - Grants and contributions provided for capital purposes - - - Surplus (deficit) from discontinued operations after capital amounts 88 98 Surplus (deficit) from discontinued operations - - - Surplus (deficit) from discontinued operations - - - Surplus (deficit) from all operations before tax 88 98 Less: corporate taxation equivalent (30%) [based on result before capital] (26) (29 Plus opening retained profits	Total income from continuing operations	1,006	1,113
Borrowing costs	Expenses from continuing operations		
Materials and contracts 291 280 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment 291 421 Water purchase charges 11 15 Calculated taxation equivalents – – Other expenses 106 102 Total expenses from continuing operations 918 1,015 Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations before capital amounts 88 98 Grants and contributions provided for capital purposes – – Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations after capital amounts 88 98 Surplus (deficit) from discontinued operations – – Surplus (deficit) from all operations before tax 88 98 Less: corporate taxation equivalent (30%) [based on result before capital] (26) (29 SURPLUS (DEFICIT) AFTER TAX 62 69 Plus opening retained profits 2,521 2,423 Plus adjustments for amounts unpaid: – – - Taxation equivalent payments – – - Debt guarantee fees – – - Corporate taxation equivalent divid	Employee benefits and on-costs	156	150
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment 291 421 Water purchase charges 111 15 Calculated taxation equivalents - - Other expenses 106 102 Total expenses from continuing operations 918 1,015 Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations before capital amounts 88 98 Grants and contributions provided for capital purposes - - - Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations after capital amounts 88 98 Surplus (deficit) from discontinued operations - - - Surplus (deficit) from discontinued operations before tax 88 98 Less: corporate taxation equivalent (30%) [based on result before capital] (26) (29 SURPLUS (DEFICIT) AFTER TAX 62 69 Plus opening retained profits 2,521 2,423 Plus quisuffents for amounts unpaid:	Borrowing costs	63	47
Water purchase charges 11 15 Calculated taxation equivalents - - Other expenses 106 102 Total expenses from continuing operations 918 1,015 Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations before capital amounts 88 98 Grants and contributions provided for capital purposes - - - Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations after capital amounts 88 98 Surplus (deficit) from discontinued operations - - - Surplus (deficit) from all operations before tax 88 98 Less: corporate taxation equivalent (30%) [based on result before capital] (26) (29 SURPLUS (DEFICIT) AFTER TAX 62 69 Plus opening retained profits 2,521 2,423 Plus adjustments for amounts unpaid: - - - Taxation equivalent payments - - - Debt guarantee fees - - - Corporate taxation equivalent dividend paid - - - Surplus dividend paid - - - C	Materials and contracts	291	280
Water purchase charges 11 15 Calculated taxation equivalents - - Other expenses 106 102 Total expenses from continuing operations 918 1,015 Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations before capital amounts 88 98 Grants and contributions provided for capital purposes - - - Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations after capital amounts 88 98 Surplus (deficit) from discontinued operations - - - Surplus (deficit) from all operations before tax 88 98 Less: corporate taxation equivalent (30%) [based on result before capital] (26) (29 SURPLUS (DEFICIT) AFTER TAX 62 69 Plus opening retained profits 2,521 2,423 Plus adjustments for amounts unpaid: - - - Taxation equivalent payments - - - Debt guarantee fees - - - Corporate taxation equivalent dividend paid - - - Surplus dividend paid - - Clo	Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	291	421
Calculated taxation equivalents — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	·	11	15
Other expenses 106 102 Total expenses from continuing operations 918 1,015 Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations before capital amounts 88 98 Grants and contributions provided for capital purposes - - Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations after capital amounts 88 98 Surplus (deficit) from discontinued operations - - Surplus (deficit) from all operations before tax 88 98 Less: corporate taxation equivalent (30%) [based on result before capital] (26) (29 SURPLUS (DEFICIT) AFTER TAX 62 69 Plus opening retained profits 2,521 2,423 Plus adjustments for amounts unpaid: - - - Taxation equivalent payments - - - Debt guarantee fees - - - Corporate taxation equivalent 26 29 Less: - - - Tax equivalent dividend paid - - - Tax equivalent dividend paid - - - Closing retained profits 2,609 2,521 Return on capital % 1,8% 2,1% Subsidy from Council 48 8 Calculation of dividend payable: - -	,	_	_
Total expenses from continuing operations Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations before capital amounts 88 98 Grants and contributions provided for capital purposes	•	106	102
Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations before capital amounts Grants and contributions provided for capital purposes ——————————————————————————————————	·		
Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations after capital amounts Surplus (deficit) from discontinued operations			98
Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations after capital amounts Surplus (deficit) from discontinued operations	Grants and contributions provided for capital purposes	_	_
Surplus (deficit) from all operations before tax Less: corporate taxation equivalent (30%) [based on result before capital] (26) (29) SURPLUS (DEFICIT) AFTER TAX 62 69 Plus opening retained profits 2,521 2,423 Plus/less: prior period adjustments Plus adjustments for amounts unpaid: - Taxation equivalent payments - Debt guarantee fees - Corporate taxation equivalent Less: - Tax equivalent dividend paid - Tax equivalent dividend paid - Surplus dividend paid - Closing retained profits Return on capital % Subsidy from Council Calculation of dividend payable: Surplus (deficit) from all operations before tax - Explus (deficit) after tax Less:		88	98
Less: corporate taxation equivalent (30%) [based on result before capital] SURPLUS (DEFICIT) AFTER TAX 62 69 Plus opening retained profits 2,521 2,423 Plus/less: prior period adjustments	Surplus (deficit) from discontinued operations		_
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) AFTER TAX 62 69 Plus opening retained profits 2,521 2,423 Plus/less: prior period adjustments	Surplus (deficit) from all operations before tax	88	98
Plus opening retained profits 2,521 2,423 Plus/less: prior period adjustments ————————————————————————————————————	Less: corporate taxation equivalent (30%) [based on result before capital]	(26)	(29)
Plus adjustments for amounts unpaid: - Taxation equivalent payments - Debt guarantee fees - Corporate taxation equivalent Less: - Tax equivalent dividend paid - Surplus dividend paid - Closing retained profits Calculation of dividend payable: Surplus (deficit) after tax Less: capital grants and contributions (excluding developer contributions) - Surplus for dividend calculation purposes - Copposite fees - Co	SURPLUS (DEFICIT) AFTER TAX	62	69
Plus adjustments for amounts unpaid: - Taxation equivalent payments - Debt guarantee fees - Corporate taxation equivalent Less: - Tax equivalent dividend paid - Surplus dividend paid - Closing retained profits Return on capital % Subsidy from Council Return of dividend payable: Surplus (deficit) after tax Less: capital grants and contributions (excluding developer contributions) - Surplus for dividend calculation purposes 62 69 69		2,521	2,423
- Taxation equivalent payments		_	_
- Debt guarantee fees			
- Corporate taxation equivalent Less: - Tax equivalent dividend paid - Surplus dividend paid - Surplus dividend paid - Closing retained profits Return on capital % Subsidy from Council Calculation of dividend payable: Surplus (deficit) after tax Less: capital grants and contributions (excluding developer contributions) - Surplus for dividend calculation purposes 26 29 29 29 20 20 21 21 21 21 22 22 23 24 25 25 25 25 26 27 26 27 27 28 28 29 29 29 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20			_
Less: - Tax equivalent dividend paid - Surplus dividend paid - Closing retained profits Return on capital % Subsidy from Council Calculation of dividend payable: Surplus (deficit) after tax Less: capital grants and contributions (excluding developer contributions) Surplus for dividend calculation purposes 62 69 69		26	29
- Surplus dividend paid Closing retained profits 2,609 2,521 Return on capital % Subsidy from Council 1.8% 2.1% Subsidy from Council 48 8 Calculation of dividend payable: Surplus (deficit) after tax 62 69 Less: capital grants and contributions (excluding developer contributions) - Surplus for dividend calculation purposes 62 69			
Closing retained profits 2,609 2,521 Return on capital % 1.8% 2.1% Subsidy from Council 48 8 Calculation of dividend payable: Surplus (deficit) after tax 62 69 Less: capital grants and contributions (excluding developer contributions) - - Surplus for dividend calculation purposes 62 69		_	_
Return on capital % 1.8% 2.1% Subsidy from Council 48 8 Calculation of dividend payable: Surplus (deficit) after tax 62 69 Less: capital grants and contributions (excluding developer contributions) Surplus for dividend calculation purposes 62 69			
Subsidy from Council 48 8 Calculation of dividend payable: Surplus (deficit) after tax 62 69 Less: capital grants and contributions (excluding developer contributions) Surplus for dividend calculation purposes 62 69	Closing retained profits		
Calculation of dividend payable: Surplus (deficit) after tax Less: capital grants and contributions (excluding developer contributions) Surplus for dividend calculation purposes 62 69			2.1%
Surplus (deficit) after tax 62 69 Less: capital grants and contributions (excluding developer contributions) Surplus for dividend calculation purposes 62 69		48	8
Surplus for dividend calculation purposes 62 69		62	69
	Surplus for dividend calculation purposes Potential dividend calculated from surplus	62 31	69 34

Income Statement of Council's Sewerage Business Activity for the year ended 30 June 2017

\$ '000	Actual 2017	Actual 2016
Income from continuing operations		
Access charges	259	248
User charges	6	27
Liquid trade waste charges	_	
Fees	1	_
Interest	42	43
Grants and contributions provided for non-capital purposes	6	7
Profit from the sale of assets	_	· _
Share of profit from equity accounted investment	_	_
Other income	20	_
Total income from continuing operations	334	325
Expenses from continuing operations		
Employee benefits and on-costs	47	46
Borrowing costs	_	_
Materials and contracts	94	141
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	201	392
Calculated taxation equivalents	-	_
Other expenses	115	42
Total expenses from continuing operations	457	621
Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations before capital amounts	(123)	(296)
Grants and contributions provided for capital purposes	_	_
Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations after capital amounts	(123)	(296)
Surplus (deficit) from discontinued operations		_
Surplus (deficit) from all operations before tax	(123)	(296)
Less: corporate taxation equivalent (30%) [based on result before capital]	_	_
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) AFTER TAX	(123)	(296)
Plus opening retained profits	2,758	3,054
Plus/less: prior period adjustments	-	_
Plus adjustments for amounts unpaid: - Taxation equivalent payments		
- Debt guarantee fees	_	_
Corporate taxation equivalent Less:	_	_
Tax equivalent dividend paidSurplus dividend paid	_ _	_
Closing retained profits	2,635	2,758
Return on capital %	-1.6%	-4.4%
Subsidy from Council	306	444
Calculation of dividend payable: Surplus (deficit) after tax	(123)	(296)
Less: capital grants and contributions (excluding developer contributions) Surplus for dividend calculation purposes		
Potential dividend calculated from surplus	_	_

Statement of Financial Position – Council's Water Supply Business Activity as at 30 June 2017

\$ '000	Actual 2017	Actual 2016
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	11	62
Investments	600	500
Receivables	242	278
Inventories	 _	
Other	2	_
Non-current assets classified as held for sale	_	_
Total current assets	855	840
Non-current assets		
Investments	_	_
Receivables	_	_
Inventories	_	_
Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	8,368	7,052
Investments accounted for using equity method	_	_
Investment property	_	_
Intangible assets	_	_
Total non-current assets	8,368	7,052
TOTAL ASSETS	9,223	7,892
Current liabilities Bank overdraft Payables Income received in advance Borrowings Provisions Total current liabilities	- 6 - 80 -	- 3 - 75 -
Total current liabilities Non-current liabilities	86	78
Payables	_	_
Borrowings	891	970
Provisions	_	570
Total non-current liabilities	891	970
TOTAL LIABILITIES	977	1,048
NET ASSETS	8,246	6,844
NET ASSETS		0,044
EQUITY Retained earnings	2,972	2,521
Revaluation reserves	5,274	4,323
Other reserves		1,020
Council equity interest	8,246	6,844
Non-controlling equity interest	-	-
TOTAL EQUITY	8,246	6,844
		0,0 i r

Statement of Financial Position – Council's Sewerage Business Activity as at 30 June 2017

\$ '000	Actual 2017	Actual 2016
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	46	40
Investments	1,250	1,700
Receivables	27	31
Inventories	_	_
Other	4	_
Non-current assets classified as held for sale	_	_
Total current Assets	1,327	1,771
Non-current assets		
Investments	_	_
Receivables	_	_
Inventories	_	_
Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	7,676	6,801
Investments accounted for using equity method	<u> </u>	_
Investment property	_	_
Intangible assets	_	_
Total non-current assets	7,676	6,801
TOTAL ASSETS	9,003	8,572
Current liabilities Bank overdraft Payables Income received in advance Borrowings Provisions Total current liabilities	- - - - -	- - - - -
Non-current liabilities		
Payables	_	_
Borrowings	_	_
Provisions	_	_
Total non-current liabilities		_
TOTAL LIABILITIES		_
NET ASSETS	9,003	8,572
EQUITY		
Retained earnings	2,877	2,758
Revaluation reserves	6,126	5,814
Other reserves		
Council equity interest	9,003	8,572
Non-controlling equity interest	<u> </u>	
TOTAL EQUITY	9,003	8,572

Special Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2017

Contents of the notes accompanying the financial statements

Note	Details	Page
1	Summary of significant accounting policies	8
2	Water Supply Business Best-Practice Management disclosure requirements	11
3	Sewerage Business Best-Practice Management disclosure requirements	13

Notes to the Special Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies

These financial statements are SPFS prepared for use by Council and the Office of Local Government. For the purposes of these statements, the Council is a non-reporting not-for-profit entity.

The figures presented in these Special Purpose Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement criteria of relevant Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and Australian Accounting Interpretations.

The disclosures in these Special Purpose Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the Local Government Act 1993 (NSW), the Local Government (General) Regulation, and the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting.

The statements are prepared on an accruals basis. They are based on historic costs and do not take into account changing money values or, except where specifically stated, current values of non-current assets. Certain taxes and other costs, appropriately described, have been imputed for the purposes of the National Competition Policy.

National Competition Policy

Council has adopted the principle of 'competitive neutrality' in its business activities as part of the National Competition Policy which is being applied throughout Australia at all levels of government.

The framework for its application is set out in the June 1996 NSW government policy statement titled 'Application of National Competition Policy to Local Government'.

The Pricing and Costing for Council Businesses, A Guide to Competitive Neutrality issued by the Office of Local Government in July 1997 has also been adopted.

The pricing and costing guidelines outline the process for identifying and allocating costs to activities and provide a standard for disclosure requirements.

These disclosures are reflected in Council's pricing and/or financial reporting systems and include taxation equivalents, Council subsidies, return on investments (rate of return), and dividends paid.

Declared business activities

In accordance with *Pricing and Costing for Council Businesses – A Guide to Competitive Neutrality,* Council has declared that the following are to be considered as business activities:

Category 1

(where gross operating turnover is over \$2 million)

Nil

Category 2

(where gross operating turnover is less than \$2 million)

a. Balranald Shire Council combined water supplies

Comprising the whole of the operations and assets of the raw and filtered water supply systems, that services the towns of Balranald and Euston.

b. Balranald Shire Council sewerage service

Comprising the whole of the operations and assets of the sewerage reticulation and treatment systems, that services the towns of Balranald and Euston.

Monetary amounts

Amounts shown in the financial statements are in Australian currency and rounded to the nearest thousand dollars, except for Note 2 (Water Supply Best-Practice Management Disclosures) and Note 3 (Sewerage Best-Practice Management Disclosures).

As required by the NSW Office of Water (Department of Primary Industries) the amounts shown in Note 2 and Note 3 are disclosed in whole dollars.

(i) Taxation-equivalent charges

Council is liable to pay various taxes and financial duties. Where this is the case, they are disclosed as a cost of operations just like all other costs.

However, where Council does not pay some taxes which are generally paid by private sector businesses, such as income tax, these equivalent tax payments have been applied to all Council-

Notes to the Special Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

nominated business activities and are reflected in Special Purpose Financial Statements.

For the purposes of disclosing comparative information relevant to the private sector equivalent, the following taxation equivalents have been applied to all Council-nominated business activities (this does not include Council's non-business activities):

Notional rate applied (%)

Corporate income tax rate - 30%

Land \tan – the first **\$549,000** of combined land values attracts **0%**. For the combined land values in excess of \$549,001 up to \$3,357,000 the rate is **1.6%** + **\$100**. For the remaining combined land value that exceeds \$3,357,000 a premium marginal rate of **2.0%** applies.

Payroll tax -5.45% on the value of taxable salaries and wages in excess of \$750,000.

In accordance with the Department of Primary Industries Water (DPIW), a payment for the amount calculated as the annual tax equivalent charges (excluding income tax) must be paid from water supply and sewerage business activities.

The payment of taxation equivalent charges, referred to in the NSW Office of Water Guidelines to as a 'dividend for taxation equivalent', may be applied for any purpose allowed under the *Local Government Act*, 1993.

Achievement of substantial compliance to the NSW Office of Water Guidelines is not a prerequisite for the payment of the tax equivalent charges, however the payment must not exceed \$3 per assessment.

Income tax

An income tax equivalent has been applied on the profits of the business activities.

Whilst income tax is not a specific cost for the purpose of pricing a good or service, it needs to be taken into account in terms of assessing the rate of return required on capital invested.

Accordingly, the return on capital invested is set at a pre-tax level - gain/(loss) from ordinary activities before capital amounts, as would be applied by a private sector competitor. That is, it should include a

provision equivalent to the corporate income tax rate, currently 30%..

Income tax is only applied where a gain/ (loss) from ordinary activities before capital amounts has been achieved.

Since the taxation equivalent is notional – that is, it is payable to Council as the 'owner' of business operations - it represents an internal payment and has no effect on the operations of the Council. Accordingly, there is no need for disclosure of internal charges in the SPFS.

The rate applied of 30% is the equivalent company tax rate prevalent at reporting date. No adjustments have been made for variations that have occurred during the year.

Local government rates and charges

A calculation of the equivalent rates and charges payable on all category 1 businesses has been applied to all land assets owned or exclusively used by the business activity.

Loan and debt guarantee fees

The debt guarantee fee is designed to ensure that council business activities face 'true' commercial borrowing costs in line with private sector competitors.

In order to calculate a debt guarantee fee, Council has determined what the differential borrowing rate would have been between the commercial rate and Council's borrowing rate for its business activities.

(ii) Subsidies

Government policy requires that subsidies provided to customers, and the funding of those subsidies, must be explicitly disclosed.

Subsidies occur when Council provides services on a less-than-cost-recovery basis. This option is exercised on a range of services in order for Council to meet its community service obligations.

Accordingly, 'subsidies disclosed' (in relation to National Competition Policy) represents the difference between revenue generated from 'rate of

Notes to the Special Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

return' pricing and revenue generated from prices set by Council in any given financial year.

The overall effect of subsidies is contained within the Income Statement of each reported business activity.

In accordance with the Best-Practice Management of Water Supply and Sewerage Guidlelines a Dividend Payment form, Statement of Compliance, Unqualified Independent Financial Audit Report and Compliance Audit Report are required to be submitted to the DPIW.

(iii) Return on investments (rate of return)

The NCP policy statement requires that councils with Category 1 businesses 'would be expected to generate a return on capital funds employed that is comparable to rates of return for private businesses operating in a similar field'.

Such funds are subsequently available for meeting commitments or financing future investment strategies.

The actual rate of return achieved by each business activity is disclosed at the foot of each respective Income Statement.

The rate of return is calculated as follows:

Operating result before capital income + interest expense

Written down value of I,PP&E as at 30 June

As a minimum, business activities should generate a return equal to the Commonwealth 10 year bond rate which is 2.38% at 30/6/17.

(iv) Dividends

Council is not required to pay dividends to either itself (as owner of a range of businesses) or to any external entities.

Local government water supply and sewerage businesses are permitted to pay an annual dividend from its water supply or sewerage business surplus.

The dividend calculated and approved in accordance with the Best-Practice Management of Water Supply and Sewerage Guidelines, must not exceed either:

- (i) 50% of this surplus in any one year, or
- (ii) the number of water supply or sewerage assessments at 30 June 2017 multiplied by \$30 (less the payment for tax equivalent charges, not exceeding \$3 per assessment).

Notes to the Special Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 2. Water supply business best-practice management disclosure requirements

Dolla	rs amounts shown below are in whole dollars (unless otherwise indicated)	2017
	cal government local water utilities must pay this dividend for tax equivalents]	
(i)	Calculated tax equivalents	_
(ii)	Number of assessments multiplied by \$3/assessment	2,805
(iii)	Amounts payable for tax equivalents [lesser of (i) and (ii)]	_
(iv)	Amounts actually paid for tax equivalents	_
2. Div (i)	vidend from surplus 50% of surplus before dividends [calculated in accordance with Best-Practice Management for Water Supply and Sewerage Guidelines]	30,800
(ii)	Number of assessments multiplied by \$30/assessment, less tax equivalent charges/assessment	_
(iii)	Cumulative surplus before dividends for the 3 years to 30 June 2017, less the cumulative dividends paid for the 2 years to 30 June 2016 and 30 June 2015	289,800
	2017 Surplus 61,600 2016 Surplus 68,600 2015 Surplus 159,600 2016 Dividend — 2015 Dividend —	
(iv)	Maximum dividend from surplus [least of (i), (ii) and (iii) above]	_
(v)	Dividend actually paid from surplus [refer below for required pre-dividend payment criteria]	_
(vi)	Are the overhead reallocation charges to the water business fair and reasonable? ^a	YES
	equired outcomes for 6 criteria eligible for the payment of a 'dividend from surplus', all the criteria below need a 'YES']	
(i)	Completion of strategic business plan (including financial plan)	NO
(ii)	Full cost recovery, without significant cross subsidies [refer item 2 (a) in table 1 on page 22 of the Best-Practice Guidelines]	YES
	- Complying charges [item 2 (b) in table 1]	NO
	- DSP with commercial developer charges [item 2 (e) in table 1]	NO
/:::\	- If dual water supplies, complying charges [item 2 (g) in table 1]	NO
(iii)	Sound water conservation and demand management implemented	YES
(iv)	Sound drought management implemented	YES
(v)	Complete performance reporting form (by 15 September each year)	NO
(vi)	a. Integrated water cycle management evaluation	NO
	b. Complete and implement integrated water cycle management strategy	NO

Notes to the Special Purpose Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 2. Water supply business best-practice management disclosure requirements (continued)

Dollars an	nounts shown below are in whole dollars (unless otherwise indicated)		2017
National '	Water Initiative (NWI) financial performance indicators		
NWI F1	Total revenue (water) Total income (w13) – grants for the acquisition of assets (w11a) – interest income (w9) – Aboriginal Communities W&S Program income (w10a)	\$'000	949
NWI F4	Revenue from residential usage charges (water) Income from residential usage charges (w6b) x 100 divided by the sum of [income from residential usage charges (w6a) + income from residential access charges (w6b)]	%	48.62%
NWI F9	Written down replacement cost of fixed assets (water) Written down current cost of system assets (w47)	\$'000	8,368
NWI F11	Operating cost (OMA) (water) Management expenses (w1) + operational and maintenance expenses (w2)	\$'000	499
NWI F14	Capital expenditure (water) Acquisition of fixed assets (w16)	\$'000	284
NWI F17	Economic real rate of return (water) [total income (w13) – interest income (w9) – grants for acquisition of assets (w11a) – operating costs (NWI F11) – current cost depreciation (w3)] x 100 divided by [written down current cost of system assets (w47) + plant and equipment (w33b)]	%	2.40%
NWI F26	Capital works grants (water) Grants for the acquisition of assets (w11a)	\$'000	

Notes:

- References to w (e.g. w12) refer to item numbers within Special Schedules 3 and 4 of Council's Annual Financial Statements.
- **2.** The NWI performance indicators are based upon the National Performance Framework Handbook for Urban Performance Reporting Indicators and Definitions.
- a refer to 3.2 (2) on page 15 of the Best-Practice Management of Water Supply and Sewerage Guidelines, 2007

Notes to the Special Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 3. Sewerage business best-practice management disclosure requirements

Dolla	rs amounts shown below are in whole dollars (unless otherwise indicated)	2017
	Iculation and payment of tax-equivalents al government local water utilities must pay this dividend for tax equivalents]	
(i)	Calculated tax equivalents	_
(ii)	Number of assessments multiplied by \$3/assessment	2,730
(iii)	Amounts payable for tax equivalents [lesser of (i) and (ii)]	_
(iv)	Amounts actually paid for tax equivalents	
2. Div	vidend from surplus	
(i)	50% of surplus before dividends [calculated in accordance with Best-Practice Management for Water Supply and Sewerage Guidelines]	_
(ii)	Number of assessments x (\$30 less tax equivalent charges per assessment)	27,300
(iii)	Cumulative surplus before dividends for the 3 years to 30 June 2017, less the cumulative dividends paid for the 2 years to 30 June 2016 and 30 June 2015	(570,000)
	2017 Surplus (123,000) 2016 Surplus (296,000) 2015 Surplus (151,000) 2016 Dividend — 2015 Dividend —	
(iv)	Maximum dividend from surplus [least of (i), (ii) and (iii) above]	n/a
(v)	Dividend actually paid from surplus [refer below for required pre-dividend payment criteria]	_
(vi)	Are the overhead reallocation charges to the sewer business fair and reasonable? ^a	YES
	quired outcomes for 4 criteria eligible for the payment of a 'dividend from surplus', all the criteria below need a 'YES']	
(i)	Completion of strategic business plan (including financial plan)	NO
(ii)	Pricing with full cost-recovery, without significant cross subsidies [refer item 2 (a) in table 1 on page 22 of the Best-Practice Guidelines]	YES
	Complying charges (a) Residential [item 2 (c) in table 1] (b) Non-residential [item 2 (c) in table 1] (c) Trade waste [item 2 (d) in table 1] DSP with commercial developer charges [item 2 (e) in table 1] Liquid trade waste approvals and policy [item 2 (f) in table 1]	YES YES NO NO YES
(iii)	Complete performance reporting form (by 15 September each year)	NO
(iv)	a. Integrated water cycle management evaluation	NO
	b. Complete and implement integrated water cycle management strategy	NO

Notes to the Special Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 3. Sewerage business best-practice management disclosure requirements (continued)

Dollars am	ounts shown below are in whole dollars (unless otherwise indicated)		2017
National V	Vater Initiative (NWI) financial performance indicators		
NWI F2	Total revenue (sewerage) Total income (s14) – grants for acquisition of assets (s12a) – interest income (s10) – Aboriginal Communities W&S Program income (w10a)	\$'000	272
NWI F10	Written down replacement cost of fixed assets (sewerage) Written down current cost of system assets (s48)	\$'000	7,182
NWI F12	Operating cost (sewerage) Management expenses (s1) + operational and maintenance expenses (s2)	\$'000	256
NWI F15	Capital expenditure (sewerage) Acquisition of fixed assets (s17)	\$'000	187
NWI F18	Economic real rate of return (sewerage) [total income (s14) – interest income (s10) – grants for acquisition of assets (s12a) – operating cost (NWI F12) – current cost depreciation (s3)] x 100 divided by [written down current cost (i.e. WDCC) of system assets (s48) + plant and equipment (s34b)]	%	-2.26%
NWI F27	Capital works grants (sewerage) Grants for the acquisition of assets (12a)	\$'000	_
	Vater Initiative (NWI) financial performance indicators I sewer (combined)		
NWI F3	Total income (water and sewerage) Total income (w13 + s14) + gain/loss on disposal of assets (w14 + s15) minus grants for acquisition of assets (w11a + s12a) – interest income (w9 + s10)	\$'000	1,281
NWI F8	Revenue from community service obligations (water and sewerage) Community service obligations (NWI F25) x 100 divided by total income (NWI F3)	%	1.01%
NWI F16	Capital expenditure (water and sewerage) Acquisition of fixed assets (w16 + s17)	\$'000	471
NWI F19	Economic real rate of return (water and sewerage) [total income (w13 + s14) – interest income (w9 + s10) – grants for acquisition of assets (w11a + s12a) – operating cost (NWI F11 + NWI F12) – current cost depreciation (w3 + s3)] x 10 divided by [written down replacement cost of fixed assets (NWI F9 + NWI F10) + plant and equipment (w33b + s34b)]	% 00	0.21%
NWI F20	Dividend (water and sewerage) Dividend paid from surplus (2 (v) of Note 2 + 2 (v) of Note 3)	\$'000	
NWI F21	Dividend payout ratio (water and sewerage) Dividend (NWI F20) x 100 divided by net profit after tax (NWI F24)	%	0.00%

Notes to the Special Purpose Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Note 3. Sewerage business best-practice management disclosure requirements (continued)

Dollars am	ounts shown below are in whole dollars (unless otherwise indicated)		2017
	Vater Initiative (NWI) financial performance indicators I sewer (combined)		
NWI F22	Net debt to equity (water and sewerage) Overdraft (w36 + s37) + borrowings (w38 + s39) – cash and investments (w30 + s31) x 100 divided by [total assets (w35 + s36) – total liabilities (w40 + s41)]	%	-5.43%
NWI F23	Interest cover (water and sewerage) Earnings before interest and tax (EBIT) divided by net interest		-
	Earnings before interest and tax (EBIT): Operating result (w15a + s16a) + interest expense (w4a + s4a) – interest income (w9 + s10) – gain/loss on disposal of assets (w14 + s15) + miscellaneous expenses (w4b + w4c + s4b + s4b)	4c)	
	Net interest: - 5 Interest expense (w4a + s4a) – interest income (w9 + s10)		
NWI F24	Net profit after tax (water and sewerage) Surplus before dividends (w15a + s16a) – tax equivalents paid (Note 2-1 (iv) + Note 3-1 (iv))	\$'000	(35)
NWI F25	Community service obligations (water and sewerage) Grants for pensioner rebates (w11b + s12b)	\$'000	13

Notes: 1. References to w (eg. s12) refer to item numbers within Special Schedules 5 and 6 of Council's Annual Financial Statements.

- 2. The NWI performance indicators are based upon the National Performance Framework Handbook for Urban Performance Reporting Indicators and Definitions.
- a refer to 3.2 (2) on page 15 of the Best-Practice Management of Water Supply and Sewerage Guidelines, 2007



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the special purpose financial statement

Balranald Shire Council

To the Councillors of the Balranald Shire Council

Opinion

I have audited the accompanying special purpose financial statements (the financial statements) of Balranald Shire Council's (the Council) Declared Business Activities, which comprise the statement of financial position of each Declared Business Activity as at 30 June 2017, the income statement of each Declared Business Activity for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the Business Activities declared by Council, and the Statement by Councillors and Management.

The Declared Business Activities of the Council are:

- Water Supply
- Sewerage.

In my opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Council's declared Business Activities as at 30 June 2017, and their financial performance for the year then ended, in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards described in Note 1 and the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting (LG Code).

My opinion should be read in conjunction with the rest of this report and in particular, the Emphasis of Matter referring to the basis of accounting.

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under the standards are described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements' section of my report.

I am independent of the Council in accordance with the requirements of the:

- Australian Auditing Standards
- Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 'Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants' (APES 110).

I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with APES 110.

Parliament promotes independence by ensuring the Auditor-General and the Audit Office of New South Wales are not compromised in their roles by:

- providing that only Parliament, and not the executive government, can remove an Auditor-General
- mandating the Auditor-General as the auditor of councils
- precluding the Auditor-General from providing non-audit services.

I believe the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter - Basis of Accounting

Without modifying my opinion, I draw attention to Note (1) to the financial statements which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements have been prepared for the purpose of fulfilling Council's financial reporting responsibilities under the LG Code. As a result, the financial statements may not be suitable for another purpose.

Other Matter

The financial statements of the Council for the year ended 30 June 2016 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on that financial statement on the 4 November 2016.

The Councillors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Councillors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements and for determining that the accounting policies, described in Note 1 to the financial statements, are appropriate to meet the requirements in the LG Code. The Councillors' responsibility also includes such internal control as the Councillors determine is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Councillors must assess the Council's ability to continue as a going concern except where the Council will be dissolved or amalgamated by an Act of Parliament. The assessment must disclose, as applicable, matters related to going concern and the appropriateness of using the going concern basis of accounting, as it affects the Council's Declared Business Activities.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to:

- obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error
- issue an Independent Auditor's Report including my opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect material misstatements. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions users take based on the financial statements.

A description of my responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar4.pdf.

The description forms part of my auditor's report.

My opinion does not provide assurance:

- that the Council carried out its activities effectively, efficiently and economically
- on the best practice management disclosures in Notes 2 and 3 of the financial statements
- about the security and controls over the electronic publication of the audited financial statements on any website where they may be presented
- about any other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from the financial statements.

Karen Taylor

Director, Financial Audit Services

31 October 2017 SYDNEY

SPECIAL SCHEDULES for the year ended 30 June 2017

COMMITTED TO BALRANALD SHIRE, PROVIDING FOR OUR PEOPLE PROTECTING OUR HERITAGE, AND PLANNING FOR OUR FUTURE



Special Schedules

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Contents		Page
Special Schedules¹		
Special Schedule 1	Net Cost of Services	2
Special Schedule 2(a) Special Schedule 2(b)	Statement of Long Term Debt (all purposes) Statement of Internal Loans (Sect. 410(3) LGA 1993)	4 n/a
Special Schedule 3 Special Schedule 4	Water Supply Operations – incl. Income Statement Water Supply – Statement of Financial Position	5 8
Special Schedule 5 Special Schedule 6	Sewerage Service Operations – incl. Income Statement Sewerage Service – Statement of Financial Position	9 12
Notes to Special Schedules 3 and 5		13
Special Schedule 7	Report on Infrastructure Assets	14
Special Schedule 8	Permissible Income Calculation	19

Background

- (i) These Special Schedules have been designed to meet the requirements of special purpose users such as;
 - the NSW Grants Commission
 - the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS),
 - the NSW Office of Water (NOW), and
 - the Office of Local Government (OLG).
- (ii) The financial data is collected for various uses including;
 - the allocation of Financial Assistance Grants,
 - the incorporation of Local Government financial figures in national statistics,
 - the monitoring of loan approvals,
 - the allocation of borrowing rights, and
 - the monitoring of the financial activities of specific services.

¹ Special Schedules are not audited (with the exception of Special Schedule 8).

Special Schedule 1 – Net Cost of Services for the year ended 30 June 2017

\$'000

Function or activity	Expenses from continuing	continuing continuing operations		
	operations	Non-capital	Capital	of services
Governance	701	11	_	(690)
Administration	1,473	615	_	(858)
Public order and safety				
Fire service levy, fire protection, emergency services	286	225	_	(61)
Beach control] -	_	_	-
Enforcement of local government regulation Animal control	6	1	_	(5)
Other		· -	_	(5)
Total public order and safety	292	226	_	(66)
Health	40	14	_	(26)
Environment				
Noxious plants and insect/vermin control	36	23	_	(13)
Other environmental protection	200	334	_	134
Solid waste management	_	_	_	_
Street cleaning	27	_	_	(27)
Drainage	-	-	-	-
Stormwater management	247	- 257	-	(247)
Total environment	510	357	_	(153)
Community services and education				
Administration and education	4	5	_	1
Social protection (welfare)	-	_	_	-
Aged persons and disabled	1,218	718	40	(460)
Children's services	2	1	_	(1)
Total community services and education	1,224	724	40	(460)
Housing and community amenities				
Public cemeteries	56	31	_	(25)
Public conveniences	73	_	-	(73)
Street lighting	103	18	-	(85)
Town planning	51	61	-	10
Other community amenities	385	47	-	(338)
Total housing and community amenities	668	157	_	(511)
Water supplies	852	1,005	_	153
Sewerage services	423	334	_	(89)

Special Schedule 1 - Net Cost of Services (continued) for the year ended 30 June 2017

\$'000

Function or activity	Expenses from continuing	Incom- continuing		Net cost of services	
	operations	Non-capital	Capital	of services	
Recreation and culture					
Public libraries	70	20	_	(50)	
Museums	31	8	_	(23)	
Art galleries	-	_	_	(=0)	
Community centres and halls	43	2	_	(41)	
Performing arts venues	95	18	_	(77)	
Other performing arts	-	_	_	_	
Other cultural services	_	_	_	_	
Sporting grounds and venues	372	16	4	(352)	
Swimming pools	157	4	10	(143)	
Parks and gardens (lakes)	227	_	44	(183)	
Other sport and recreation	17	_	_	(17)	
Total recreation and culture	1,012	68	58	(886)	
Fuel and energy	_	_	_	(555)	
Agriculture	_		_		
Mining, manufacturing and construction		4.0		(0.1)	
Building control	50	16	_	(34)	
Other mining, manufacturing and construction	I I	_	_	-	
Total mining, manufacturing and const.	50	16	_	(34)	
Transport and communication					
Urban roads (UR) – local	379	-	_	(379)	
Urban roads – regional	-	-	_	-	
Sealed rural roads (SRR) – local	177	1,394	_	1,217	
Sealed rural roads (SRR) – regional	261	1,455	500	1,694	
Unsealed rural roads (URR) – local	3,616	431	1,229	(1,956)	
Unsealed rural roads (URR) – regional	234	-	_	(234)	
Bridges on UR – local	15	-	_	(15)	
Bridges on SRR – local	-	-	_	-	
Bridges on URR – local	-	-	_	-	
Bridges on regional roads	-	-	_	-	
Parking areas	112	-	_	(112)	
Footpaths	61	1	_	(60)	
Aerodromes	-	-	_	-	
Other transport and communication	336	164	_	(172)	
Total transport and communication	5,191	3,445	1,729	(17)	
Economic affairs					
Camping areas and caravan parks	379	441	_	62	
Other economic affairs	488	271	_	(217)	
Total economic affairs	867	712	_	(155)	
Totals – functions	13,249	7,682	1,827	(3,740)	
General purpose revenues (1)	Ι Τ	5,529		5,529	
Share of interests – joint ventures and					
associates using the equity method	-	_		_	
NET OPERATING RESULT (2)	13,249	13,211	1,827	1,737	

⁽¹⁾ Includes: rates and annual charges (including ex gratia, excluding water and sewer), non-capital general purpose (2) As reported in the Income Statement grants, interest on investments (excluding externally restricted assets) and interest on overdue rates and annual charges

Special Schedule 2(a) – Statement of Long Term Debt (all purpose) for the year ended 30 June 2017

\$'000

		Principal outstanding at beginning of the year New loans during the year raised New loans during the year to sinking applicable		Principal outstanding at the end of the year							
Classification of debt	Current	Non- current	Total	during the year	From revenue	Sinking funds funds		for year	Current	Non- current	Total
Loans (by source) Financial institutions Total loans	241 241	3,063 3,063	3,304 3,304	<u>-</u>	241		<u>-</u>	_	257 257	2,806 2,806	3,063 3,063
Total debt	241	3,063	3,304	-	-	_	-	-	257	2,806	3,063

Notes: excludes (i) internal loans and (ii) principal inflows/outflows relating to loan re-financing.

This schedule is prepared using the face value of debt obligations, rather than fair value (which are reported in the GPFS).

Special Schedule 3 – Water Supply Income Statement Includes all internal transactions, i.e. prepared on a gross basis for the year ended 30 June 2017

\$'000	Actuals 2017	Actuals 2016
A Expenses and income Expenses		
Management expensesa. Administrationb. Engineering and supervision	107 —	82 -
Operation and maintenance expenses - dams and weirs a. Operation expenses b. Maintenance expenses	_ _	- -
Mainsc. Operation expensesd. Maintenance expenses	- 63	14 60
Reservoirse. Operation expensesf. Maintenance expenses	- 3	- -
 Pumping stations g. Operation expenses (excluding energy costs) h. Energy costs i. Maintenance expenses 	– 61 196	- 70 171
 Treatment j. Operation expenses (excluding chemical costs) k. Chemical costs l. Maintenance expenses 	- 62 -	- 43 -
Otherm. Operation expensesn. Maintenance expenseso. Purchase of water	12 58 11	7 85 15
3. Depreciation expenses a. System assets b. Plant and equipment	291 -	421 -
 4. Miscellaneous expenses a. Interest expenses b. Revaluation decrements c. Other expenses d. Impairment – system assets e. Impairment – plant and equipment f. Aboriginal Communities Water and Sewerage Program g. Tax equivalents dividends (actually paid) 	54 - - - - -	47 - - - - -
5. Total expenses	918	1,015

Special Schedule 3 — Water Supply Income Statement (continued) Includes all internal transactions, i.e. prepared on a gross basis for the year ended 30 June 2017

\$'000	Actuals 2017	Actuals 2016
Income		
6. Residential charges		
a. Access (including rates)	476	457
b. Usage charges	462	420
7. Non-residential charges		
a. Access (including rates)	_	_
b. Usage charges	_	180
8. Extra charges	_	_
9. Interest income	17	5
10. Other income	5	7
10a. Aboriginal Communities Water and Sewerage Program	39	37
11. Grants		
a. Grants for acquisition of assets	_	_
b. Grants for pensioner rebates	7	7
c. Other grants	_	_
12. Contributions		
a. Developer chargesb. Developer provided assets	_	_
c. Other contributions	_ _	_ _
13. Total income	1,006	1,113
	1,000	.,
14. Gain (or loss) on disposal of assets	_	_
15. Operating result	88	98
15a. Operating result (less grants for acquisition of assets)	88	98

Special Schedule 3 – Water Supply Income Statement (continued) Includes all internal transactions, i.e. prepared on a gross basis for the year ended 30 June 2017

		Actuals	Actuals
\$'00	0	2017	2016
В	Capital transactions Non-operating expenditures		
16.	Acquisition of fixed assets		
	c. Renewals	28	38
	d. Plant and equipment	256	_
17.	Repayment of debt	75	90
18.	Totals	359	128
	Non-operating funds employed		
19.	Proceeds from disposal of assets	_	_
20.	Borrowing utilised	_	_
21.	Totals	_	_
С	Rates and charges		
22.	Number of assessments		
	a. Residential (occupied)	_	789
	b. Residential (unoccupied, ie. vacant lot)	_	-
	c. Non-residential (occupied)	_	_
	d. Non-residential (unoccupied, ie. vacant lot)	_	142
23.	Number of ETs for which developer charges were received	– ET	– ET
24.	Total amount of pensioner rebates (actual dollars)	\$ 11,845	\$ 12,269

Special Schedule 4 – Water Supply Statement of Financial Position Includes internal transactions, i.e. prepared on a gross basis as at 30 June 2017

4145	_	Actuals	Actuals	Actuals
\$'00	0	Current	Non-current	Total
25.	ASSETS Cash and investments f. Other	611	_	611
26.	Receivables b. Rates and availability charges c. User charges d. Other	158 84 2	- - -	158 84 2
27.	Inventories	_	_	-
28.	Property, plant and equipment a. System assets b. Plant and equipment	- -	8,079 256	8,079 256
29.	Other assets	_	34	34
30.	Total assets	855	8,369	9,224
31. 32.	LIABILITIES Bank overdraft Creditors	- -	- -	- -
33.	Borrowings	80	891	971
34.	Provisions a. Tax equivalents b. Dividend c. Other	- - 6	- - -	_ _ 6
35.	Total liabilities	86	891	977
36.	NET ASSETS COMMITTED	769	7,478	8,247
38. 39.	EQUITY Accumulated surplus Asset revaluation reserve Other reserves			2,972 5,275 -
40.	Note to system assets:		=	8,247
41. 42. 43.	Current replacement cost of system assets Accumulated current cost depreciation of system assets Written down current cost of system assets		_	14,109 (6,030) 8,079

Special Schedule 5 – Sewerage Service Income Statement Includes all internal transactions, i.e. prepared on a gross basis for the year ended 30 June 2017

\$'000	Actuals 2017	Actuals 2016
A Expenses and income Expenses		
Management expenses a. Administration	39	47
b. Engineering and supervision		47
2. Operation and maintenance expenses		
– mains		
a. Operation expenses	43	44
b. Maintenance expenses	_	_
– Pumping stations		
c. Operation expenses (excluding energy costs)	_	_
d. Energy costs	27	23
e. Maintenance expenses	60	40
- Treatment		
f. Operation expenses (excl. chemical, energy, effluent and biosolids management costs)	_	_
g. Chemical costs	11	2
h. Energy costs	_	_
i. Effluent management	_	_
j. Biosolids management	_	_
k. Maintenance expenses	_	_
- Other		
I. Operation expenses	76	73
m. Maintenance expenses	_	_
3. Depreciation expenses		
a. System assets	201	392
b. Plant and equipment	_	_
4. Miscellaneous expenses		
a. Interest expenses	_	_
b. Revaluation decrements	_	_
c. Other expenses	_	_
d. Impairment – system assets	_	_
e. Impairment – plant and equipment	_	_
f. Aboriginal Communities Water and Sewerage Program	_	_
g. Tax equivalents dividends (actually paid)	_	
F. Tetal synance		
5. Total expenses	457	621

Special Schedule 5 – Sewerage Service Income Statement (continued) Includes all internal transactions, i.e. prepared on a gross basis for the year ended 30 June 2017

\$'00	0	Actuals 2017	Actuals 2016
	Income		
6.	Residential charges (including rates)	259	248
7.	Non-residential charges		
	a. Access (including rates)	_	_
	b. Usage charges	6	6
8.	Trade waste charges		
	a. Annual fees	_	_
	b. Usage charges	_	3
	c. Excess mass charges	_	_
	d. Re-inspection fees	-	_
9.	Extra charges	_	_
10.	Interest income	42	43
11.	Other income	1	_
11a	. Aboriginal Communities Water and Sewerage Program	20	18
12.	Grants		
	a. Grants for acquisition of assets	_	_
	b. Grants for pensioner rebates	6	7
	c. Other grants	_	-
13.	Contributions		
	a. Developer charges	_	_
	b. Developer provided assets	_	_
	c. Other contributions	-	_
14.	Total income	334	325
15.	Gain (or loss) on disposal of assets	_	_
16	Operating result	(123)	(296)
10.	Operating result	(123)	(290)
16a	. Operating result (less grants for acquisition of assets)	(123)	(296)

Special Schedule 5 – Sewerage Service Income Statement (continued) Includes all internal transactions, i.e. prepared on a gross basis for the year ended 30 June 2017

		Actuals	Actuals
\$'00	0	 2017	2016
В	Capital transactions Non-operating expenditures		
17.	Acquisition of fixed assets c. Renewals	65	26
18.	Repayment of debt	_	_
19.	Totals	187	26
	Non-operating funds employed		
20.	Proceeds from disposal of assets	_	_
21.	Borrowing utilised	_	_
22.	Totals	_	_
С	Rates and charges		
23.	Number of assessments a. Residential (occupied) b. Residential (unoccupied, ie. vacant lot) c. Non-residential (occupied) d. Non-residential (unoccupied, ie. vacant lot)	- - -	807 _ 101 _
24.	Number of ETs for which developer charges were received	– ET	– ET
25.	Total amount of pensioner rebates (actual dollars)	\$ 11,495	\$ 11,925

Special Schedule 6 – Sewerage Service Statement of Financial Position Includes internal transactions, i.e. prepared on a gross basis as at 30 June 2017

		Actuals	Actuals	Actuals
\$'00	0	Current	Non-current	Total
26.	ASSETS Cash and investments f. Other	1,296	_	1,296
27.	Receivables b. Rates and availability charges c. User charges d. Other	- 27 4	- - -	- 27 4
28.	Inventories	_	_	-
29.	Property, plant and equipment a. System assets b. Plant and equipment	_ _	7,182 122	7,182 122
30.	Other assets	_	372	372
31.	Total assets	1,327	7,676	9,003
32. 33.	LIABILITIES Bank overdraft Creditors	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> -	-
34.	Borrowings	_	_	_
35.	Provisions a. Tax equivalents b. Dividend c. Other	- - -	- - -	- - -
36.	Total liabilities			_
37.	NET ASSETS COMMITTED	1,327	7,676	9,003
39. 40.	EQUITY Accumulated surplus Asset revaluation reserve Other reserves TOTAL EQUITY			2,878 6,125 – 9,003
42. 43. 44.	Note to system assets: Current replacement cost of system assets Accumulated current cost depreciation of system assets Written down current cost of system assets			11,831 (4,649) 7,182

Notes to Special Schedules 3 and 5

for the year ended 30 June 2017

Administration (1)

(item 1a of Special Schedules 3 and 5) comprises the following:

- Administration staff:
 - Salaries and allowance
 - Travelling expenses
 - Accrual of leave entitlements
 - Employment overheads.
- Meter reading
- · Bad and doubtful debts
- Other administrative/corporate support services

Engineering and supervision (1)

(item 1b of Special Schedules 3 and 5) comprises the following:

- Engineering staff:
 - Salaries and allowance
 - Travelling expenses
 - Accrual of leave entitlements
 - Employment overheads.
- · Other technical and supervision staff:
 - Salaries and allowance
 - Travelling expenses
 - Accrual of leave entitlements
 - Employment overheads.

Operational expenses (item 2 of Special Schedules 3 and 5) comprise the day to day operational expenses excluding maintenance expenses.

Maintenance expenses (item 2 of Special Schedules 3 and 5) comprise the day to day repair and maintenance expenses. (Refer to Section 5 of the Local Government Asset Accounting Manual regarding capitalisation principles and the distinction between capital and maintenance expenditure).

Other expenses (item 4c of Special Schedules 3 and 5) includes all expenses not recorded elsewhere.

Revaluation decrements (item 4b of Special Schedules 3 and 5) is to be used when I,PP&E decreases in FV.

Impairment losses (item 4d and 4e of Special Schedules 3 and 5) are to be used when the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount (refer to page D-31).

Aboriginal Communities Water and Sewerage Program (item 4f of Special Schedules 3 and 5) is to be used when operation and maintenance work has been undertaken on behalf of the Aboriginal Communities Water and Sewerage Program. Similarly, income for item 11a of Special Schedule 3 and item 12a of Special Schedule 5 are for services provided to the Aboriginal Communities Water and Sewerage Program and is not part of Council's water supply and sewerage revenue.

Residential charges ⁽²⁾ (items 6a, 6b and item 6 of Special Schedules 3 and 5 respectively) include all income from residential charges. Item 6 of Schedule 3 should be separated into 6a access charges (including rates if applicable) and 6b usage charges.

Non-residential charges (2) (items 7a, 7b of Special Schedules 3 and 5) include all income from non-residential charges separated into 7a access charges (including rates if applicable) and 7b usage charges.

Trade waste charges (item 8 of Special Schedule 5) include all income from trade waste charges separated into 8a annual fees, 8b usage charges and 8c excess mass charges and 8d re-inspection fees.

Other income (items 10 and 11 of Special Schedules 3 and 5 respectively) include all income not recorded elsewhere.

Other contributions (items 12c and 13c of Special Schedules 3 and 5 respectively) including capital contributior for water supply or sewerage services received by Council under Section 565 of the *Local Government Act*.

Notes:

- (1) Administration and engineering costs for the development of capital works projects should be reported as part of the capital cost of the project and not as part of the recurrent expenditure (ie. in item 16 for water supply and item 17 for sewerage, and **not** in items 1a and 1b).
- ⁽²⁾ To enable accurate reporting of **residential revenue from usage charges**, it is essential for councils to accurately separate their residential (item 6) charges and non-residential (item 7) charges.

Special Schedule 7 – Report on Infrastructure Assets as at 30 June 2017

\$'000

+												
		Estimated cost to bring assets to satisfactory	Estimated cost to bring to the agreed level of	2016/17		Net carrying	Gross replacement		in condition	on as a pe lacement		of gross
Asset class	Asset category	standard	service set by		maintenance	amount	cost (GRC)		2	3	4	5
			Council									
Buildings	Buildings – non-specialised	691	691	458	238	10,944	27,272	0%	30%	62%	6%	2%
	Buildings – specialised	_	_	_	9	291	358	95%	0%	0%	0%	5%
	Sub-total	691	691	458	247	11,234	27,630	1.2%	29.6%	61.2%	5.9%	2.0%
Other	Other structures	185	185	95	63	7,519	13,777	5%	42%	43%	10%	0%
structures	Sub-total	185	185	95	63	7,519	13,777	5.0%	42.0%	43.0%	10.0%	0.0%
Roads	Sealed roads	165	165	165	396	36,216	35,684	89%	10%	0%	1%	0%
	Unsealed roads	1,200	1,200	1,477	964	29,588	53,304	10%	15%	46%	25%	4%
	Bridges	_	_	_	_	1,196	2,392	7%	0%	93%	0%	0%
	Footpaths	_	_	20	25	911	1,620	21%	74%	5%	0%	0%
	Kerb and channels	200	200	18	2	3,345	5,715	30%	43%	24%	3%	0%
	Sub-total	1,565	1,565	1,680	1,387	71,256	98,715	39.8%	15.4%	28.6%	14.0%	2.2%
								•				

Special Schedule 7 – Report on Infrastructure Assets as at 30 June 2017 (continued)

\$'000

F 555		Estimated cost	Estimated cost									
		to bring assets	to bring to the	2016/17	2016/17		Gross	Assets			rcentage o	of gross
		to satisfactory	agreed level of	Required	Actual	Net carrying			rep	lacement (cost	
Asset class	Asset category	standard	service set by	maintenance ^a	maintenance	amount	cost (GRC)		2	3	4	5
			Council				` ′					
Water supply	Water supply network	213	213	136	382	8,078	14,109	20%	9%	50%	16%	5%
network	Sub-total	213	213	136	382	8,078	14,109	20.0%	9.0%	50.0%	16.0%	5.0%
Sewerage	Sewerage network	152	152	209	114	7,182	11,831	7%	51%	30%	7%	5%
network	Sub-total	152	152	209	114	7,182	11,831	7.0%	51.0%	30.0%	7.0%	5.0%
Stormwater	Stormwater drainage	34	34	53	29	1,923	2,482	16%	83%	1%	0%	0%
drainage	Sub-total	34	34	53	29	1,923	2,482	16.0%	83.0%	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Open space/												
recreational	Swimming pools	1	1	15	19	653	1,499	10%	40%	46%	0%	4%
assets	Sub-total	1	1	15	19	653	1,499	10.0%	40.0%	46.0%	0.0%	4.0%
							4=== = 4=					
	TOTAL – ALL ASSETS	2,841	2,841	2,646	2,241	107,845	170,043	26.2%	23.0%	36.7%	11.7%	2.4%

Notes:

Required maintenance is the amount identified in Council's asset management plans.

Infrastructure asset condition assessment 'key'

Excellent No work required (normal maintenance) Only minor maintenance work required Good

3 Average Maintenance work required

Renewal required Poor

Very poor Urgent renewal/upgrading required

Special Schedule 7 – Report on Infrastructure Assets (continued)

for the year ended 30 June 2017

	Amounts	Indicator		Prior	periods
\$ '000	2017	2017	Benchmark	2016	2015
Infrastructure asset performance indicate consolidated	ors *				
1. Infrastructure renewals ratio Asset renewals (1) Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	1,841 5,205	35.37%	>= 100%	77.75%	0.00%
2. Infrastructure backlog ratio Estimated cost to bring assets to a satisfactory standard Net carrying amount of infrastructure assets	2,841 107,843	2.63%	< 2%	10.87%	11.01%
3. Asset maintenance ratio Actual asset maintenance Required asset maintenance	2,241 2,646	0.85	> 1.00	0.55	1.13
4. Cost to bring assets to agreed service level Estimated cost to bring assets to an agreed service level set by Council Gross replacement cost	2,841 170,043	1.67%		0.00%	

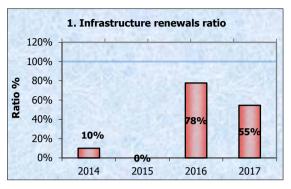
Notes

^{*} All asset performance indicators are calculated using the asset classes identified in the previous table.

⁽¹⁾ Asset renewals represent the replacement and/or refurbishment of existing assets to an equivalent capacity/performance as opposed to the acquisition of new assets (or the refurbishment of old assets) that increases capacity/performance.

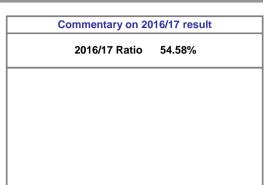
Special Schedule 7 - Report on Infrastructure Assets (continued)

for the year ended 30 June 2017



Purpose of asset renewals ratio

To assess the rate at which these assets are being renewed relative to the rate at which they are depreciating.



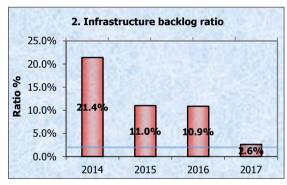
Benchmark:

Minimum >=100.00%

Source for benchmark: Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting #25



Ratio achieves benchmark Ratio is outside benchmark



Purpose of infrastructure backlog ratio

This ratio shows what proportion the backlog is against the total value of a Council's infrastructure.



2016/17 Ratio 2.63%

Benchmark: ——— Maximum <2.00%

Source for benchmark: Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting #25



Ratio achieves benchmark Ratio is outside benchmark

2016/17 Ratio



Purpose of asset maintenance ratio

Compares actual vs. required annual asset maintenance. A ratio above 1.0 indicates Council is investing enough funds to stop the infrastructure



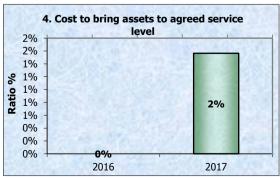
0.85 x

2014 2015 2016 2017 backlog growing.

Benchmark: ____ Minimum >1.00
Source for benchmark: Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting #25



Ratio achieves benchmark Ratio is outside benchmark



Purpose of agreed service level ratio

This ratio provides a snapshot of the proportion of outstanding renewal works compared to the total value of assets under Council's care and stewardship.



Special Schedule 7 – Report on Infrastructure Assets (continued)

for the year ended 30 June 2017

\$ '000	Benchmark	Water 2017	Sewer 2017	General ⁽¹⁾ 2017
Infrastructure asset performance indicators by fund				
1. Infrastructure renewals ratio Asset renewals (2) Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	>= 100% prior period:	0.00% 9.03%	0.00% 4.34%	60.95% 90.22%
2. Infrastructure backlog ratio Estimated cost to bring assets to a satisfactory standard Net carrying amount of infrastructure assets	< 2% prior period:	2.64% 0.00%	2.12% 0.00%	2.76% 12.85%
3. Asset maintenance ratio Actual asset maintenance Required asset maintenance	> 1.00 prior period:	2.81 1.31	0.55 0.88	0.76 0.42
4. Cost to bring assets to agreed service level Estimated cost to bring assets to an agreed service level set by Council Gross replacement cost		1.51%	1.28%	1.72%

Notes

⁽¹⁾ General fund refers to all of Council's activities except for its water and sewer activities which are listed separately.

Asset renewals represent the replacement and/or refurbishment of existing assets to an equivalent capacity/performance as opposed to the acquisition of new assets (or the refurbishment of old assets) that increases capacity/performance.

Special Schedule 8 – Permissible Income Calculation

for the year ended 30 June 2018

\$'000		Calculation 2016/17	Calculation 2017/18
Notional general income calculation (1)			
Last year notional general income yield	а	1,257	1,330
Plus or minus adjustments (2)	b	9	2
Notional general income	c = (a + b)	1,266	1,332
Permissible income calculation			
Special variation percentage (3)	d	0.00%	0.00%
Or rate peg percentage	е	1.80%	1.50%
or crown land adjustment (incl. rate peg percentage)	f	0.00%	0.00%
Less expiring special variation amount	g	_	_
Plus special variation amount	$h = d \times (c - g)$	_	_
Or plus rate peg amount	$i = c \times e$	23	20
Or plus Crown land adjustment and rate peg amount	j = c x f		_
Sub-total k	= (c + g + h + i + j)	1,289	1,352
Plus (or minus) last year's carry forward total	I	23	(18)
Less valuation objections claimed in the previous year	m		_
Sub-total	n = (I + m)	23	(18)
Total permissible income	o = k + n	1,312	1,334
Less notional general income yield	р	1,330	1,334
Catch-up or (excess) result	q = o - p	(18)	(0)
Plus income lost due to valuation objections claimed (4)	r	_	_
Less unused catch-up (5)	s	<u> </u>	
Carry forward to next year	t = q + r - s	(18)	(0)

Notes

- (1) The notional general income will not reconcile with rate income in the financial statements in the corresponding year. The statements are reported on an accrual accounting basis which include amounts that relate to prior years' rates income.
- (2) Adjustments account for changes in the number of assessments and any increase or decrease in land value occurring during the year. The adjustments are called 'supplementary valuations' as defined in the *Valuation of Land Act 1916*.
- (3) The 'special variation percentage' is inclusive of the rate peg percentage and where applicable Crown land adjustment.
- (4) Valuation objections are unexpected changes in land values as a result of land owners successfully objecting to the land value issued by the Valuer-General. Councils can claim the value of the income lost due to valuation objections in any single year.
- (5) Unused catch-up amounts will be deducted if they are not caught up within 2 years. Usually councils will have a nominal carry forward figure. These amounts can be adjusted for in setting the rates in a future year.
- (6) Carry forward amounts which are in excess (an amount that exceeds the permissible income) require ministerial approval by order published in the NSW Government Gazette in accordance with section 512 of the Local Government Act 1993. The OLG will extract these amounts from Council's Special Schedule 8 in the financial data return (FDR) to administer this process.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Special Schedule No. 8 Balranald Shire Council

To the Councillors of Balranald Shire Council

Opinion

I have audited the accompanying special purpose financial statement comprising the reconciliation of total permissible general income (Special Schedule No. 8) of Balranald Shire Council (the Council) for the year ending 30 June 2018.

In my opinion, Special Schedule No. 8 of Balranald Shire Council for 30 June 2018 is prepared, in all material respects in accordance with the requirements of the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting (LG Code) issued by the Office of Local Government (OLG), and is in accordance with the books and records of the Council.

My opinion should be read in conjunction with the rest of this report, and in particular the Emphasis of Matter paragraph, which describes the basis of accounting.

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under the standards are described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Special Schedule No.8' section of my report.

I am independent of the Council in accordance with the requirements of the:

- Australian Auditing Standards
- ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 'Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants' (APES 110).

I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with APES 110.

Parliament promotes independence by ensuring the Auditor-General and the Audit Office of New South Wales are not compromised in their roles by:

- providing that only Parliament, and not the executive government, can remove an Auditor-General
- mandating the Auditor-General as auditor of councils
- precluding the Auditor-General from providing non-audit services.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter - Basis of Accounting

Without modifying my opinion, I draw attention to the notes and explanations in Special Schedule No. 8 that instruct councils in its preparation so it complies with OLG's requirements as described in the LG Code. As a result, Special Schedule No. 8 may not be suitable for another purpose.

Other Matter

Special Schedule No.8 of the Council for the year ended 30 June 2017 was audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on Special Schedule No. 8 on the 4 November 2016.

Councillors' Responsibility for Special Schedule No. 8

The Councillors of the Council are responsible for the preparation of Special Schedule No. 8 in accordance with the LG Code. The Councillors' responsibility also includes such internal control as the Councillors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of Special Schedule No. 8 that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing Special Schedule No.8, the Councillors must assess the Council's ability to continue as a going concern except where the Council will be dissolved or amalgamated by an Act of Parliament. The assessment must disclose, as applicable, matters related to going concern and the appropriateness of using the going concern basis of accounting.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of Special Schedule No. 8

My objectives are to:

- obtain reasonable assurance whether Special Schedule No. 8 as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error
- issue an Independent Auditor's Report including my opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect material misstatements. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions users take based on Special Schedule No.8.

A description of my responsibilities for the audit of Special Schedule No.8 is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar8.pdf. The description forms part of my auditor's report.

My opinion does not provide assurance:

- that the Council carried out its activities effectively, efficiently and economically
- about the security and controls over the electronic publication of the audited Special Schedule
 No.8 on any website where they may be presented
- about any other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from Special Schedule No 8.

Karen Taylor

Director, Financial Audit Services

31 October 2017 SYDNEY