

Murray and Sunraysia – Algae Alert Status

9 May 2025

This Blue-green algal (BGA) alert report is based on routine monitoring at sites in the Murray & Sunraysia Algae Reporting Area. The sites are monitored by WaterNSW and local water authorities. Satellite imagery may be used to supplement the monitoring data.

Table 1 shows the following red and amber, blue-green algal alerts:

Murray River

Hume Dam at Heywoods Bay and Hume Dam Resort are on Amber alert for blue-green algae. The Murray River downstream of Yarrawonga, Barham, Buronga, Merbein, Curlwaa, Fort Courage, Lock 8 and Lake Victoria outlet regulator are on Amber alert for blue-green algae.

Billabong Creek, Edward River & Wakool River

The Edward River at Deniliquin is on Amber alert for blue-green algae.

Menindee Lakes and lower Darling River

Lake Menindee and the lake Menindee outlet regulator are on Red alert for blue-green algae.

Lakes Tandure, Pamamaroo centre, Copi Hollow and Cawndilla outlet regulator are on Amber alert for blue-green algae. The Darling River upstream of Weir 32 as well as at Burtundy and Ellerslie are on Amber alert for blue-green algae. The Great Darling Anabranch at the Silver City Highway crossing is on Amber alert for blue-green algae.

Some satellite images are shown on page 4 of this report.

Blue-green algal outlook

In the upper reaches of the catchment near Albury, weather conditions over the next seven days are expected to be sunny but partly cloudy on Sunday to Tuesday. Maximum day air temperatures will be between 21 °C and 23 °C with minimum temperatures ranging from 4 °C to 7 °C (Source -BOM 7-day weather forecast). These conditions are likely to create less favourable circumstances for blue-green algal growth.

At Menindee, days are forecast to be sunny on Friday and Saturday with some cloud cover from Sunday to Thursday. Maximum day air temperatures are expected to be between 21 °C and 25 °C with minimum temperatures ranging from 6 °C to 11 °C. These environmental conditions are expected to create less favourable circumstances for blue-green algal growth.



Table 1: Combined Murray and Sunraysia Alerts

| <u> Table 1:</u> | Combined Murray and Sunrays | ia Alerts | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|------------------------------------|---|--|---|-----------------|--|----------------------------------|
| Site | Description | Latest Sample Date | Cyanobacteria Total Count (cells/mL) | Cyanobacteria Biovolume (mm3/L) | Potentially Toxic Cyanobacterial Count (cells/mL) | Potentially Toxic Cyanobacterial Biovolume (mm3/L) | Current Status (based on Latest Sample) | Previous Status | Cyanobacteria dominant potentially toxic taxa | Cyanobacteria Comments |
| MURRAY RI | VER SYSTEM | | | | | | | | | |
| | Corryong Supply - Raw Water Inlet to | | | | | | | | | |
| | Corryong TP (NE Water) | 5/05/2025 | 450 | 0.002 | 0 | 0.000 | No Alert | No Alert | | |
| | Manus Lake (SVC) Lake pontoon | 22/04/2025 | 4,075 | 0.147 | 3425 | 0.146 | GREEN | AMBER | Microcystis sp | |
| DLH003 | Lake Hume, Ebden | 7/04/2025 | 97,693 | 0.179 | 3,341 | 0.100 | GREEN | GREEN | Radiocystis sp. | Potentially toxic |
| DLH001 | Lake Hume, Heywoods Bay nr Bethanga | 7/04/2025 | 31,029 | 0.035 | 0 | 0.000 | AMBER | AMBER | | |
| DLH002 | Lake Hume, Hume Dam Resort | 7/04/2025 | 62,235 | 0.250 | 5,811 | 0.175 | AMBER | AMBER | Radiocystis sp. | Potentially toxic |
| DLH004 | Lake Hume, Dam Wall | 7/04/2025 | 60,825 | 0.077 | 0 | 0.000 | GREEN | GREEN | | |
| N1000 | Murray R. Union Bridge Albury | 2/04/2025 | 73,701 | 0.068 | 347 | 0.008 | GREEN | GREEN | Microcystis sp. | Potentially toxic, taste & odour |
| N1001 | Murray R. Corowa | 2/04/2025 | 88,675 | 0.252 | 3,229 | 0.166 | GREEN | GREEN | Umezakia ovalisporum | Potentially toxic, taste & odour |
| | Yarrawonga Weir (outlet) GMW | 6/05/2025 | 53,900 | 0.282 | 0 | 0.000 | GREEN | AMBER | | |
| N1008 | Mulwala Canal Offtake | 2/04/2025 | 325,892 | 0.387 | 1,393 | 0.130 | GREEN | AMBER | Dolichospermum sp. | Potentially toxic, taste & odour |
| N1007 | Murray R. @ below Yarrawonga | 2/04/2025 | 173,478 | 0.703 | 1,796 | 0.080 | AMBER | GREEN | Microcystis sp. | Potentially toxic, taste & odour |
| N1051 | Murray R. Cobram (Barooga) | 2/04/2025 | 110,729 | 0.268 | 476 | 0.015 | GREEN | GREEN | Microcystis sp. | Potentially toxic, taste & odour |
| | Cobram WTP, raw water (GVW) | 14/04/2025 | 7,100 | 0.147 | 1600 | 0.118 | GREEN | GREEN | Microcystis sp | |
| N1013 | Murray R. Tocumwal | 2/04/2025 | 156,370 | 0.223 | 136 | 0.003 | GREEN | AMBER | Microcystis sp. | Potentially toxic, taste & odour |
| N1052 | Murray R. Picnic Point | 31/03/2025 | 70,285 | 0.208 | 408 | 0.009 | GREEN | AMBER | Microcystis sp. | Potentially toxic, taste & odour |
| | Barmah WTP raw water (GVW) | 14/04/2025 | 89,602 | 0.836 | 1448 | 0.104 | AMBER | AMBER | Aphanizomenonaceae family – straight | |
| N1050 | Murray R. Moama (Echuca) | 31/03/2025 | 51,098 | 0.302 | 0 | 0.000 | GREEN | AMBER | | |
| | Torrumbarry Weir GMW | 5/05/2025 | 31,968 | 0.231 | 0 | 0.000 | GREEN | AMBER | | |
| N1003 | Murray R. Barham (Koondrook) | 1/04/2025 | 42,562 | 0.409 | 0 | 0.000 | AMBER | AMBER | | |
| N1054 | Murray R. Murray Downs (Swan Hill) | 1/04/2025 | 9,478 | 0.010 | 0 | 0.000 | No Alert | GREEN | | |
| | Murray River U/S Woorinen pumps GMW | 5/05/2025 | 235,850 | 1.245 | 0 | 0.000 | AMBER | AMBER | | |
| N1055 | Murray R. Tooleybuc (Piangil) | 1/04/2025 | 135,492 | 0.171 | 0 | 0.000 | GREEN | AMBER | | |
| N1064 | Lake Benanee Rec Area | 2/04/2025 | 201,444 | 0.288 | 0 | 0.000 | GREEN | GREEN | | |
| N1028 | Murray R. Euston (Robinvale) | 1/04/2025 | 187,433 | 0.282 | 408 | 0.009 | GREEN | GREEN | Microcystis sp. | Potentially toxic, taste & odour |
| N1065 | Murray R. Mount Dispersion | 2/04/2025 | 65,155 | 0.142 | 0 | 0.000 | GREEN | AMBER | | |
| N1062 | Murray R. Buronga | 31/03/2025 | 191,502 | 0.803 | 204 | 0.029 | AMBER | AMBER | Anabaenopsis sp. | Potentially toxic |
| N1027 | 414206 - Murray River at Merbein | 31/03/2025 | 251,469 | 0.819 | 425 | 0.039 | AMBER | AMBER | Dolichospermum sp. | Potentially toxic, taste & odour |
| N1063 | Murray R. Curlwaa | 31/03/2025 | 188,623 | 0.507 | 986 | 0.129 | AMBER | GREEN | Anabaenopsis sp. | Potentially toxic |
| N1066 | Murray R. Fort Courage | 31/03/2025 | 113,492 | 0.832 | 1,694 | 0.247 | AMBER | AMBER | Anabaenopsis sp. | Potentially toxic |
| | Lock 9 (LMW) | 11/03/2025 | 96,396 | 0.574 | 514 | 0.071 | AMBER | AMBER | Aphanizomenonaceae family - coiled (<6µm) | |
| N1077 | Murray R. Lock 8 | 31/03/2025 | 89,121 | 0.339 | 1,021 | 0.149 | AMBER | AMBER | Anabaenopsis sp. | Potentially toxic |
| N1078 | Lake Victoria Outlet Regulator | 31/03/2025 | 224,404 | 1.410 | 9,159 | 0.572 | AMBER | AMBER | Raphidiopsis raciborskii | Potentially toxic, taste & odour |



Table 1: Continued

| Tubic i. | Oontinaca | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|-------------------------------------|------------|-----------|--------|--------|-------|----------|----------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|
| BILLBONG | CREEK, EDWARD & WAKOOL RIVERS | | | | | | | | | |
| N1020 | Billabong Ck. Walbundrie | 2/04/2025 | 24,782 | 0.029 | 0 | 0.000 | No Alert | GREEN | | |
| N1015 | Billabong Ck. Jerilderie | 31/03/2025 | 11,690 | 0.021 | 0 | 0.000 | No Alert | AMBER | | |
| N1006 | Gulpa Ck. Mathoura | 31/03/2025 | 110,398 | 0.242 | 2,314 | 0.056 | GREEN | AMBER | Microcystis sp. | Potentially toxic, taste & odour |
| N1002 | Edward R Deniliquin | 31/03/2025 | 112,242 | 0.823 | 0 | 0.000 | AMBER | AMBER | | |
| N1053 | Edward R. Old Morago | 1/04/2025 | 41,901 | 0.266 | 0 | 0.000 | GREEN | AMBER | | |
| N1005 | Edward R. Moulamein | 1/04/2025 | 41,420 | 0.137 | 2,518 | 0.077 | GREEN | AMBER | Radiocystis sp. | Potentially toxic |
| N1010 | Wakool R. Wakool-Barham Road | 1/04/2025 | 146,110 | 0.208 | 0 | 0.000 | GREEN | GREEN | | |
| N1004 | Wakool R. @ Stoney Crossing | 1/04/2025 | 17,215 | 0.025 | 0 | 0.000 | No Alert | No Alert | | |
| N1009 | Wakool R. Kyalite | 1/04/2025 | 14,004 | 0.021 | 0 | 0.000 | No Alert | GREEN | | |
| MENINDEE | LAKE SYSTEM & LOWER DARLING RIVER | | | | | | | | | |
| N1042 | Darling River at Wilcannia | 2/04/2025 | 2,177 | 0.001 | 0 | 0.000 | No Alert | No Alert | | |
| N1087 | Lake Wetherell Site 1 | 10/03/2025 | 24,769 | 0.010 | 0 | 0.000 | No Alert | No Alert | | |
| N1088 | Lake Wetherell Site 2 | 10/03/2025 | 11,976 | 0.003 | 0 | 0.000 | No Alert | No Alert | | |
| N1089 | Lake Wetherell Site 3 | 10/03/2025 | 126,577 | 0.397 | 408 | 0.023 | GREEN | No Alert | Raphidiopsis raciborskii | Potentially toxic, taste & odour |
| N1090 | Lake Wetherell Site 4 | 10/03/2025 | 138,780 | 0.076 | 0 | 0.000 | GREEN | GREEN | | |
| N1091 | Lake Tandure Site 8 | 10/03/2025 | 403,480 | 0.529 | 0 | 0.000 | AMBER | AMBER | | |
| N1092 | Lake Pamamaroo Inlet (Site 9) | 10/03/2025 | 257,541 | 0.331 | 136 | 0.017 | GREEN | AMBER | Anabaenopsis sp. | Potentially toxic |
| N1129 | 42510013 Centre Pamamaroo (Site 13) | 10/03/2025 | 495,103 | 0.723 | 272 | 0.005 | AMBER | AMBER | Phormidium sp. | Potentially toxic, taste & odour |
| N1093 | Lake Pamamaroo Outlet (Site 10) | 10/03/2025 | 187,562 | 0.220 | 0 | 0.000 | GREEN | AMBER | | |
| N1094 | Menindee Lakes, Copi Hollow | 10/03/2025 | 281,553 | 1.228 | 2,671 | 0.323 | AMBER | AMBER | Anabaenopsis sp. | Potentially toxic |
| N1130 | Lake Menindee Site 19 | 10/03/2025 | 4,002,030 | 34.592 | 37,714 | 2.952 | RED | AMBER | Raphidiopsis raciborskii | Potentially toxic, taste & odour |
| N1339 | Lake Menindee outlet regulator | 24/02/2025 | 1,882,478 | 16.029 | 11,755 | 1.317 | RED | RED | Anabaenopsis sp. | Potentially toxic |
| N1128 | Lake Cawndilla Site 34 Outlet | 10/03/2025 | 1,538,399 | 4.283 | 1,054 | 0.077 | AMBER | AMBER | Raphidiopsis raciborskii | Potentially toxic, taste & odour |
| N1095 | Darling R. Menindee bhwb pump | 10/03/2025 | 286,400 | 0.287 | 0 | 0.000 | GREEN | AMBER | | |
| N1085 | Darling River at Menindee Town | 10/03/2025 | 169,244 | 0.165 | 0 | 0.000 | GREEN | GREEN | | |
| N1086 | Darling R u/s Weir 32 | 10/03/2025 | 341,651 | 0.902 | 3,790 | 0.171 | AMBER | AMBER | Limnothrix sp. | Potentially toxic |
| N1043 | Darling R. Tolarno | 2/04/2025 | 114,517 | 0.360 | 0 | 0.000 | GREEN | AMBER | | |
| N1040 | Darling R. Pooncarie | 2/04/2025 | 118,258 | 0.146 | 0 | 0.000 | GREEN | GREEN | | |
| N1041 | Darling R. Burtundy | 31/03/2025 | 735,008 | 0.727 | 0 | 0.000 | AMBER | AMBER | | |
| N1074 | Darling R. Ellerslie | 17/03/2025 | 381,845 | 0.751 | 0 | 0.000 | AMBER | GREEN | | |
| N1075 | Darling R. Tapio | 17/03/2025 | 248,838 | 0.309 | 170 | 0.006 | GREEN | AMBER | Raphidiopsis raciborskii | Potentially toxic, taste & odour |
| Non routin | ne monitoring Wentworth Weir Pool | | | | | | | | | |
| N1366 | Pomona (@ Boat Ramp) | 18/03/2025 | 53,865 | 0.086 | 0 | 0.000 | GREEN | AMBER | | |
| GREAT DA | RLING ANABRANCH | | | | | | | | | |
| N1350 | Silver City Hwy | 14/04/2025 | 1,116,989 | 2.860 | 6,858 | 0.855 | AMBER | AMBER | Anabaenopsis sp. | Potentially toxic |
| | | | | | | | | | | |



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Satellite imagery

The key to the approximate total algae (blue green and non-blue green) concentrations using the Custom Algae Script can be found in Table 3. The actual values can potentially vary by a significant margin due to the geology of the waterbody, species of algae, turbidity, aquatic plants, time of day of the image capture, aerosols in the atmosphere, etc. This variability is a result of the nature of satellite imagery being a large-scale remote sensing format and is not function of the technology or the script itself. For this reason, these colours and descriptors are not the official "Algae Alert Level" but rather provides information on the potential risk on algae formation.

Table 3: Observed risk levels based on the estimated photosynthetic activity for Custom Algae Script

| | | . , | , , |
|------------|--------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Map Colour | Risk Level - | Starting concentration guide range | RACC recreational alert values approx. equivalence |
| Blue | Very low | <0.05 mm3/L | No Alert |
| Green | Low | 0.05 to 0.5 mm3/L | Green |
| Yellow | Medium | 0.5 to 5.0 mm3/L | Amber |
| Red | High | 5.0 to 20.0 mm3/L | Red |
| Dark red | Extreme | > 20 mm3/L | Red |

Observations about the satellite images

Figure 1 indicates that Hume Dam had mostly very low-level phytoplankton activity on 06/05/2025.

The satellite image of the Menindee Lakes on 07/05/2025 (Figure 2) indicates that Pamamaroo and Copi Hollow had very low phytoplankton activity. Lakes Tandure, Menindee and Cawndilla had very low to low phytoplankton activity. Very low phytoplankton activity was noted at lake Wetherell sites 4 and 3 as well as the Weir 32 weir pool.

Figure 3 indicates that the Murray River near Wentworth had very low phytoplankton activity on 04/05/2025, while the anabranch had low to medium phytoplankton activity. The Darling River branch had mostly very low phytoplankton activity. The latest image, on 07/05/2025, is obscured by cloud cover.

Lake Victoria had very low to medium phytoplankton activity on 04/05/2025 (Figure 4). The Murray River downstream of the Lake Victoria outflow had very low to low phytoplankton activity. The later image, on 07/05/2025, shows extensive cloud cover.

Leading up to winter conditions, additional, once-off satellite images for other parts of the area covered by the RACC have been included in this report.

The Murray River at Corowa (Figure 5) had very low phytoplankton activity on 06/05/2025.

The Edward River at Deniliquin (Figure 6) had very low phytoplankton activity on 01/05/2025

Figure 7 shows the Murray River at Moama on 01/05/2025. Very low phytoplankton activity was noted on the image.

Figure 8, the Darling River at Pooncarie, showed mostly very low phytoplankton activity on 02/05/2025.





Figure 1: Hume Dam 06/05/2025 SentinelHub [CC BY-NC 4.0] NSW-Custom Algae Script - TF, WaterNSW.



Figure 2: Menindee Lakes 07/05/2025 SentinelHub [CC BY-NC 4.0] NSW-Custom Algae Script - TF, WaterNSW.





Figure 3: Murray River near Wentworth, Lower Darling River and Great Darling Anabranch 04/05/2025 SentinelHub [CC BY-NC 4.0] NSW-Custom Algae Script - TF, WaterNSW.



Figure 4: Lake Victoria 04/05/2025 SentinelHub [CC BY-NC 4.0] NSW-Custom Algae Script - TF, WaterNSW.





Figure 5: Murray River at Corowa 06/05/2025 SentinelHub [CC BY-NC 4.0] NSW-Custom Algae Script - TF, WaterNSW.

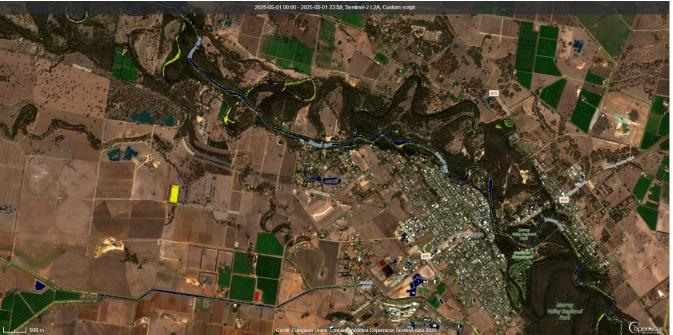


Figure 6: Edward River at Deniliquin 01/05/2025 SentinelHub [CC BY-NC 4.0] NSW-Custom Algae Script - TF, WaterNSW.





Figure 7: Murray River at Moama 01/05/2025 SentinelHub [CC BY-NC 4.0] NSW-Custom Algae Script - TF, WaterNSW.



Figure 8: Darling River at Pooncarie 02/05/2025 SentinelHub [CC BY-NC 4.0] NSW-Custom Algae Script - TF, WaterNSW.



Alert Definitions for Recreational Waters

Alert Definitions as specified in The National Health and Medical Research Council (NHMRC) *Guidelines for Managing Risks in Recreational Water* 2008.

The interim use of these guidelines is endorsed by the Scientific Subcommittee of the NSW Algal Advisory Group.

RED ALERT

These alert levels represent 'bloom' conditions. Water will appear green or discoloured and clumps or scums could be visible. It can also give off a strong musty or organic odour.

Algae may be toxic to humans and animals. Contact with or use of water from red alert areas should be avoided due to the risk of eye and skin irritation. Drinking untreated or boiled water from these supplies can cause stomach upsets.

Alternative water supplies should be sought or activated carbon treatment employed to remove toxins. People should not fish when an algal scum is present. Owners should keep dogs away from high alert areas and provide alternative watering

AMBER ALERT

points for stock.

Blue-green algae may be multiplying, and the water may have a green tinge and musty or organic taste and odour. The water should be considered as unsuitable for potable use and alternative supplies or prior treatment of raw water for domestic purposes should be considered. The water may also be unsuitable for stock watering. Generally suitable for water sports, however people are advised to exercise caution in these areas, as blue-green algal concentrations can rise to red alert levels quickly under warm, calm weather conditions.

GREEN ALERT

Blue-green algae occur naturally at low numbers. At these concentrations, algae would not normally be visible, however some species may affect taste and odour of water even at low numbers and does not pose any problems for recreational, stock or household use.

Key to Alerts for Recreational Waters

RED Alert

≥ 50 000 cells/mL toxic *M. aeruginosa*

biovolume equivalent of ≥4 mm³/L for the combined total of all cyanobacteria where a known toxin producer is dominant in the total biovolume

OR

The total biovolume of all cyanobacteria ≥10 mm³/L

OR

Cyanobacterial scums are consistently present

- High levels of Blue Green Algae detected
- Indicates "bloom" conditions
- Toxicity should be presumed
- Water will appear green or brownish and may have a strong musty taste and odour
- Surface scums could occur
- Extreme care should be exercised, and contact with the water should be avoided

Action

- Issue Media Release
- Water supply authorities to increase filtering with activated carbon as appropriate
- Local authority and health authorities to warn the public that the water body is unsuitable for primary contact recreation



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| AMBER Alert ≥5 000 to <50 000 cells/mL M. aeruginosa OR biovolume equivalent of ≥ 0.4 to < 4 mm³/L for the combined total of all cyanobacteria where known toxin producers are dominant in the total biovolume OR ≥ 0.4 to < 10mm³/L combined total for all blue-green algae where known toxin producers are not dominant | Indicates blue-green algae are multiplying Water may have a green tinge and musty taste and odour Action Water supply authorities to consider filtering with activated carbon Investigations into the causes of the elevated levels and increased sampling to enable the risks to recreational users to be more accurately assessed. |
|--|--|
| GREEN Alert > 500 to < 5 000 cells/mL M. aeruginosa OR biovolume equivalent of > 0.04 to < 0.4 mm³/L for the combined total of all cyanobacteria | Low levels of potentially toxic species detected – suggesting base crop of blue green algae may be on the increase Action Continue/increase routine sampling to measure cyanobacterial levels |

<u>Livestock Drinking Water Guidelines Based on ARMCANZ (2000), Orr and Schneider (2006) and WQRA (2010)</u>

This guideline should be used when water is used for livestock drinking water purposes.

- If visual scums are present, then a High alert should be declared. This would be applicable for both farm dams and publicly managed water bodies (streams, rivers, etc). Such advice should also be given to farmers who phone the department seeking information on managing blooms in their dams.
- Where blooms dominated by *Microcystis aeruginosa* are present, then the ANZECC/ARMCANZ (2000) guideline of 11,500 cells/mL should be used. Excess of this cell count will constitute a High alert.
- Where blooms dominated by **Dolichospermum circinale** are present, then the Orr and Schneider (2006) guideline of 25,000 cells/mL should be used. Excess of this cell count will constitute a High alert.
- Blooms of blue-green algae other than *M. aeruginosa* and *D. circinale* are also common in NSW. These can be of either known potentially toxic species, or of species not considered to be toxin producers. When these blooms are present, a total blue-green algal biovolume in excess of 6 mm³/L will constitute a High alert. (These are based on Very High alert recommendations for raw water sourced for potable human supply published by WQRA (2010), in lieu of there being nothing else available).

Further Information and Contacts

Links to websites of VIC and other agencies

Link to Snowy Valleys Council
Link to North East Water
Link to Goulburn-Murray Water blue-green algal alerts
Link to Goulburn Valley Water blue-green algal information
Link to Lower Murray Water blue-green algal alerts

NSW DPI blue-green-algae information for landholders

Go to the WaterNSW Algal Website

www.waternsw.com.au/algae or at WaterInsights (links below):



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Murray regulated river - https://waterinsights.waternsw.com.au/11904-new-south-wales-murray-regulated-river/updates

Lower-Darling regulated river - https://waterinsights.waternsw.com.au/12104-lower-darling-regulated-river/updates

Contacts

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